

THE HOTEL DIARY
American and European Plans.
The First-Class Hotel of
Victoria.
Free Bus from Boat and
Train.
C. A. HARRISON, Prop.

Victoria

Daily Times.

Telephone
Cable Complete
When you have business with
Vancouver, Seattle or Nanaimo
Ask Central for
LONG-DISTANCE

VOL. 43.

VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY JULY 25, 1905.

NO. 38.

Estimates cheerfully given on repair-
ing or manufacturing any piece of
jewelry.

Damaged or Broken JEWELRY

made Like New at Little Cost

Every facility, including electric lathes
and polishers, are found in our
factory.
We make a specialty of designing and
manufacturing medals and jewels.

Challoner & Mitchell

Manufacturers and Repairers.
47-49 GOVERNMENT ST.

New Season's Marmalade

Crosby & Blackwell's

1 Pound Tin	15c
2 Pound Tin	25c
4 Pound Tin	50c
7 Pound Tin	75c

Dixie H. Ross & Co.

Cash Grocers

House Painting on the Instalment Plan

Good Work. Best Material. Easy Pay-
ments. For Full Particulars Apply to

The MELROSE CO., Ltd. 48 and 78
Port Street

\$1.25 Per Sack New Island Potatoes
100 Pounds.

SYLVESTER FEED CO., 87-89 Yates St.
Tel. 413.

FLOOD HELD IN CHECK.

Valdez in Alaska Is Having Difficulty to
Keep Waters Under Control.

(Associated Press.)

Seattle, Wash., July 25.—Flood conditions had improved at Valdez, according to dispatches received yesterday at the local cable office, but the emergency occasioned by the high water still exists, and an entire company was at work repairing breaks in the dams and keeping the swollen Valdez river from overflowing the business section of the city. On Sunday night there was a noticeable improvement, but yesterday the water started rising again, and was breaking through the dam at various points. It was only by the utmost exertions that a general flood was prevented. At last reports the water was not getting any closer to the town, and it was expected that the stream would be under control by this evening.

WON LADY AND FORTUNE.

Street Car Conductor Becomes Heir to
One Million Dollars.

(Associated Press.)

Chicago, July 25.—A dispatch to the Tribune from San Francisco says: "Judge Sayre at Lakeport yesterday handed down a decision giving the entire Floyd estate worth \$1,000,000 to Miss Floyd, husband of the late Miss Floyd. Goreno was a conductor on a street car, and his handsome face and polished manner won the rich but eccentric Miss Floyd. She was 15 years older than Goreno, but despite family opposition, she married him, and a year later she died leaving him all her estate. The will was contested on the ground of the testator's incompetence."

DAKOTA HAS PUT BACK FROM SEA

ONE OF HER ENGINES
REPORTED DISABLED

The Big Steamer Returned to Port Au-
geles This Morning From
Cape Flattery.

(Special to the Times.)

Port Townsend, July 25.—The big Hill liner Dakota, following in the wake of her sister the Minnesota, met with an accident to her machinery when off Cape Flattery on her first westward voyage yesterday afternoon, and returned to this port for an anchorage this morning at 10:35.

The Dakota sailed from here at 10:30 yesterday morning, and would now have been three hundred miles at sea had the accident not occurred.

Purser Bemis, of the Dakota, has just come ashore. He will say nothing as to the cause of the accident or its extent. It has been learned, however, that the big vessel's port engine is disabled, and that the Dakota will most likely be detained for some days.

The Seattle management of the Hill steamship line has ordered the Dakota to proceed there. The Dakota sailed at 1:05 p. m.

INDIAN TOM HANGED.

On Scaffold To-Day Paid Penalty For
Murder of a Girl of His Tribe.

(Special to the Times.)

New Westminster, July 25.—Wierdly and plaintively chanting the Lord's Prayer in Chinook, spiritually encouraged by Rev. Thomas Crosby, and supported in a wavering walk by the nervous hand of the public executioner Radcliffe, Tom Kiedamikiduru, the Hope Island Indian convicted of the murder of Kwaitail, a girl of his tribe, went to his death on the scaffold in the provincial jail yard here this morning.

When the black cap had been drawn over his head and the noose fastened around his neck, the strange plaint becoming less audible all the time was still heard. The shooting of the trap bolt promptly at 8 o'clock stifled the sickening noise, and instantaneously snuffed out the life of one of the most brutal Indians that the extreme penalty of British law has ever been inflicted upon.

Yesterday afternoon the condemned man managed to secure a piece of broken glass and make a gash under his knee in an attempt to cut an artery. He was detected in time to prevent a fatality, and weak from the loss of blood and half-craved by the terror of his approaching execution, he had spent a restless night. He refused breakfast this morning, eating only a couple of oranges, and spent the time from daylight till the fatal hour with his spiritual adviser, professing Christianity and groping for the solace of assured salvation.

NATIVE SONS' GRAND POST.

Officers Elected and Victoria Named as
Next Meeting Place.

(Special to the Times.)

Nanaimo, July 25.—The grand post of a Native Sons last night selected Victoria as the next place for meeting, July, 1906. The new officers elected were: Grand factor, J. W. Watson, Victoria; deputy factor, H. W. Walsh, Vancouver; treasurer, G. T. Fox, Victoria; grand secretary, A. E. Haines, Victoria; district deputies, Vancouver, W. J. Jeffries; Victoria, T. Watson; Nanaimo, F. J. Stannard.

Clergyman Resigns.
Rev. James A. Banton, organizer of the Baptist church here, has resigned after several years' pastorate.

A TURKISH PLOT.

Believed That Attempt Was Made on
Sultan's Life by His Own
Subjects.

(Associated Press.)

Constantinople, July 25.—The commission which has been inquiring into the attempt upon the life of the Sultan on Friday last is believed to have obtained information indicating that it was a Turkish plot, but as this would never be admitted, even if proved, the authorities are industrially creating the impression that the bomb outrage was the work of European anarchists.

PENAL SERVITUDE.

Sentence Passed on Woman for Stealing
Valuable Necklace.

(Associated Press.)

London, July 25.—Anne M. Grant (or Annie Gleason) of Chicago, who was committed for trial July 6th on a charge of stealing a necklace valued at \$10,000 from Christy's, was found guilty in the Old Bailey to-day and sentenced to three years' penal servitude.

GUNBOAT FLOATED.

The Bennington Is Now Alongside of
the Wharf and Being
Examined.

(Associated Press.)

Washington, July 25.—A telegram received at the navy department over night from Capt. Drake says the gunboat Bennington was floated yesterday evening and is now alongside the wharf. A thorough examination of the boat will be made to-day.

PEACE IS LIKELY.

Count Cassini Believes That It All De-
pends Now Upon Japan's
Demands.

(Associated Press.)

New York, July 25.—Count Cassini, formerly Russian ambassador at Washington, expresses the opinion, according to the Herald's Paris correspondent, that all now depends on the Japanese, and that if their demands at the coming peace conference are reasonable, peace is assured. Speaking of the Russian representative, M. Witte, Count Cassini said: "I think this infinitely important task could not have been entrusted to a better representative. He is a man of extraordinary capacity, and of the finest character. He knows the Far Eastern question as few men know it, and is a patriot."

Regarding internal difficulties, Russia has now reached a critical moment in her history, but America has had such a moment, so has France. These difficulties will disappear and Russia will be stronger than ever. They are merely passing difficulties, and it would be unwise to attach too much importance to them.

Referring to the Chinese, Count Cassini said: "I like the Chinese. It takes years and years of worry and trouble to bring them around to your way of thinking or to induce them to take any undertaking, but once convinced, they are loyal. A Chinaman's word is as good as his oath."

A PROPOSED BASIS FOR THE SEPARATION

Terms Upon Which It Is Suggested Nor-
way and Sweden Might Dissolve
Union.

(Associated Press.)

Stockholm, Sweden, July 25.—A special committee appointed by the Riksdag to deal with the crisis which created the resolution in favor of separation by Norway, has delivered its report. The committee declares unanimously that the government bill cannot be adopted in the form in which it was presented to the Riksdag, and proposes that the Riksdag shall signify its willingness to negotiate with Norway for a dissolution of the union if the newly-elected storting requests repeal of the act of union; or if such request is received from Norway after the Norwegian people, by a plebiscite, have declared in favor of a dissolution of the union.

The committee recommends that in the event of a dissolution of the union, Sweden should insist on the following terms: First, the establishment of a zone on each side of the frontier separating the kingdoms, within which the existing fortifications shall be raised and new fortifications may be erected; second, the right of pasturing reindeer belonging to Swedish Laplanders in North Norway; third, that the transit trade through both countries should be secured against unjustifiable obstructions; fourth, that the status of Sweden in respect to foreign powers, established by the treaty, shall be completely freed from responsibility for Norway to other states.

The committee also regards an arbitration convention between Sweden and Norway as desirable, although it does not consider it an essential condition for the dissolution of the union. The committee further proposes to authorize the government to raise a loan of \$2,000,000, which can be a resolution of the Riksdag made available for such readjustment and arrangements as may be necessitated by the new conditions. Regarding eventual negotiations with Norway, the committee declares that "whatever be demanded for the welfare and dignity of Sweden as a condition on the part of Sweden of the recognition of Norway, must be claimed and adhered to with rigor and determination."

The preamble of the committee report is a long recitation of the events leading up to the appointment of the committee, and claims that Sweden made all possible concessions in order to maintain the union. Despite these efforts the differences grew until they reached a climax in the revolution. "It is evident," declares the committee, "that the union was not dissolved by the storting's action, and the contract cannot be broken by one parliament, therefore the storting's action can only be considered as a desire any longer to maintain it. It is for Sweden to decide what action is necessary. According to the laws she would be fully justified in using the necessary force to re-establish the union. This would seem to be the natural course in the first excitement, but reflection shows that it would be against the true interests of Sweden. There was great mutual advantage in the union, but its maintenance by force would make the union a source of weakness instead of strength. Sweden should not, therefore, employ force, but must insist that its permission is necessary to its dissolution. Sweden must agree to certain conditions, insisting on a union on certain conditions, a preliminary on a satisfactory settlement of all affairs mutually affecting the two countries. The cabinet has resigned."

RANCHER KILLED.

He Was Caught in the Running Gear of His
Mowing Machine.

(Associated Press.)

Kamloops, B. C., July 25.—August Menanteau, a rancher living about 12 miles south of Kamloops, was caught in the running gear of his mowing machine while cutting hay yesterday and found dead. He had been dragged some distance. It is supposed the deceased was overcome by heat and fell from the machine.

BANQUETTED VISITORS.

American Tennis Players Entertained
in London Before Leaving For
Home.

(Associated Press.)

London, July 25.—The all-England lawn tennis club gave a dinner last night in honor of the international teams. The guests included all the Americans, with the exception of Holcomb Wark. The president of the club in proposing a toast complimented the Americans on their fine play.

Dr. Paul J. Dasher, responding, expressed appreciation of the courtesy and hospitality of the British players and the club, and announced that it was the intention of the Americans to come again and make an effort to secure the Davis trophy.

EXECUTION STAYED.

Lawyer Patrick, Convicted of Murder,
Believes He Will Be Ultimately
Set Free.

(Associated Press.)

New York, July 25.—The notice of stay of execution of the death penalty on the order granted by Judge O'Brien yesterday to Lawyer Albert Patrick, under sentence for the murder of the aged millionaire Wm. Marsh Rice, was served until to-day on the lawyer who was waiting in prison ready to die in a few weeks. Patrick laughed when the news was given him and said: "I knew it would come. It is only what I expected." He expressed confidence that in a short time he would secure a new trial and ultimately his freedom.

INTERNATIONAL CRICKET.

Progress of To-day's Match Between
English and United States
Teams.

(Associated Press.)

Philadelphia, July 25.—The cricket match between the Gentlemen of Philadelphia and the Marylebone club of London was resumed to-day with the local eleven at the bat. When stumps were drawn yesterday, the home players in their second innings had scored 33 runs for the loss of three wickets. In their first innings the locals were all out for 108 runs and the Englishmen were retired for a total of 181.

TO-NIGHT'S PIANO RECITAL.

Initial Appearance of Mr. J. D. A.
Tripp at Institute Hall.

With an unusually attractive musical programme and the delightful weather conditions prevailing, the success of J. D. A. Tripp's piano recital at Institute Hall, View Street, this evening is assured. It promises to be the musical treat of the year.

A notable feature of this evening's concert will be the large attendance of music teachers and their pupils. Mr. Tripp is a recognized musical authority, both in this country and in Europe, and his interpretation of the classics carries with it the weight of authority so invaluable to both teacher and student.

Following is the programme to be presented:

- (a) Andante Favori in F..... Beethoven
- (b) Polonaise Militaire..... Chopin
- Mr. Tripp.
- Song—(a) Damon..... Le Cid
- Then Weep, O Grief Worn Eyes—Massenet
- Mrs. W. E. Green.
- (a) Nachterkeek (Op. 28, No. 2)..... Schumann
- (b) Etude in F Minor..... Chopin
- (c) Caprice Celebrate in E..... Liszt
- Mr. Tripp.
- Violinello Solo—Selected..... Max Stange
- (a) Barcarolle in F Minor..... Rubinstein
- (b) Valse in E (Op. 34, No. 1)..... Moszkowski
- Mr. Tripp.
- Songs—(a) Damon..... Max Stange
- (b) Spring..... Tosti
- Mr. W. E. Green.
- Violinello Solo—Selected..... Max Stange
- (a) Barcarolle in F Minor..... Rubinstein
- (b) Valse in E (Op. 34, No. 1)..... Moszkowski
- Mr. Tripp.
- La Campanella..... Paganini-Liszt
- Mr. Tripp.

THE RAILWAY COMMISSION.

Organization at Ottawa Is Almost Com-
pleted—Major Walsh Is Dead.

(Associated Press.)

Ottawa, July 25.—The organization of the transcontinental railway commission is almost completed. Ex-Premier Parent is as good as appointed chairman and Mr. MeLennan, M. P., will represent the Maritime Province. Mr. Brunel, railway engineer, is also a member of the commission.

Major Walsh, at one time commissioner of the Yukon, died at Brockville at noon to-day.

CRUSADE AGAINST FEVER.

The Outbreak at New Orleans Is Pro-
nounced to Be of Violent Type.

(Associated Press.)

Washington, July 25.—Surgeon White, of the public health and marine hospital service, who is stationed at New Orleans, and who engaged in an effort to determine the exact condition with regard to yellow fever in that city, says the city authorities concede several cases and eight deaths, but he adds that there probably are many more cases. These are of a violent type.

Surgeon Warden, stationed at Memphis, who rendered special service during the epidemic at Ocean Springs in 1901, has entered upon a careful inspection of conditions along the Gulf coast from Mobile to Pass Christian, Mississippi.

The Cunard steamer Coronilla, which sails from Liverpool to-day has among her passengers Baron Von Houzeau de la Motte, Austrian ambassador to United States and Sir Edmund John Monson, the former British ambassador to France, and Lady Monson.

WELCOMED IN JAPAN.

United States Secretary of War Given a
Cordial Reception at Yokohama.

(Associated Press.)

Yokohama, July 25.—United States Secretary of War Taft and party received a demonstrative welcome to Japan, the principal buildings, streets and wharves of this city, and the shipping in the harbor being gallantly decorated. A noisy display of daylight fireworks along the streets fronting the harbor announced the arrival of the steamship Manchuria at the quarantine grounds at 1 o'clock this morning, and continued until the vessel was docked.

The American minister and the attaches of the legation, together with the representatives of the Japanese imperial household, foreign officers, war department and the Asiatic society, war department of the Manchuria and extended formal greetings to the secretary and Miss Roosevelt, who held an informal reception upon the deck. The secretary's party was then driven to the railroad station through the crowded streets, where a special train was awaiting, and departed for Tokyo at 10 a. m. amid the cheers of the assembled multitude.

THE TOURIST SEASON IS AT ITS HEIGHT

All The Local Hotels Taxed to Utmost
Capacity—Cuthbert Party Arrived
To-Day.

The tourist season has reached its height. To-day all the hotels are filled to their utmost capacity and, from indications, will remain so for a week or more as a number of parties are scheduled to arrive within that period. Quite a few visitors reached here from outside points this morning, and these were augmented by a large contingent of American tourists from the Sound by the afternoon steamer. Among the latter was a party of 110, belonging to the Cuthbert house party of tourists who have been making an extensive pleasure tour of the western States. This is the first time the Cuthbert excursionists have included Victoria in their itinerary, a marked demonstration of the value of the advertising crusade carried on for the past several years by the Tourist Association.

Although the accommodation of all hotels is taxed to its utmost—and Victoria boasts of more good hotels than in past years—officials of the tourist association assert that it would be possible to comfortably house between 200 and 300 more visitors. During the last few months they have perfected the system of keeping in touch with all private boarding houses and, in a pinch, could dispose of an overflow to the extent mentioned. Secretary Cuthbert, however, does not anticipate such an emergency this year. He believes that travel will continue heavy for several more months at least, and that it will increase perceptibly during the fall, when the New Westminster exposition will attract crowds of Eastern Canadians to British Columbia.

In the meantime Victoria's summer attractions are being slowly but surely augmented. The Dallas road swimming resort is rapidly nearing completion, and should be ready for use within a week. The Cofordam has been finished for some time and the pavilion, which will afford bathers every modern convenience, only needs a few finishing touches before being thrown open to the general public. It has been contended by many that it would be impossible to popularize a swimming pool in that locality owing to the coldness of the water. According to those who have tested it since the completion of the Cofordam the objection was not well-founded. The temperature of the water within the enclosure is just about right for bathing purposes. A number of those interested made a practical comparison the other day, first going into the open water and then into that within the bounds of the Cofordam and, it is said, they were very thankful to get into the latter warmer area. When the pavilion is ready large numbers are expected to make daily visits. Should the popularity of the resort warrant it the Tourist Association intends recommending the construction of a water toboggan, running from the top of the pavilion to the surface of the pool. This could be done at comparatively little expense, and would provide splendid entertainment for pleasure-seekers.

There is a possibility that officials of the association will take some action towards stopping the prevailing objectionable practices of Gorge bathers. Many of those in the habit of taking an afternoon swim in the waters of the Arm wear nothing but the ordinary trucks, and quite a number, clad in this scant attire, spend their time floating through the Gorge rapids with the stream, the most public spot of that beautiful resort. All interested in the establishment of Victoria as a tourist resort of extreme respectability express the opinion that something should be done to make it unlawful for bathers to use anything but the full-bathing suit at the Gorge. Some steps along this line will be taken immediately, and meanwhile it is hoped that all who have the interests of their city at heart will assist, if in no other way by force of example, in eliminating such objectionable practices. In most cases it is thought the bathers are only to blame because of their thoughtlessness, and may be persuaded to adopt the more respectable bathing garb now that its necessity has been explained.

These and other matters of some importance will be discussed at the next regular meeting of the Tourist Association.

WILL TRY AGAIN THIS AFTERNOON

APPLICATION BEFORE
MR. JUSTICE DUFF

Mr. Collins Will Try to Get Rule Nisi
For Habeas Corpus—What Happened To-Day.

The Collins case continues to absorb the attention of the public. As fore-shadowed at the time when it was first precipitated in the local court it has developed into one of the most spirited, interesting and important legal conflicts in British Columbia court annals. Its importance can be adequately appreciated when it is understood that, according to counsel, points have been raised dealing with extradition, that hitherto have not been brought to the attention of the judiciary of Canada during its investigation of an extradition case.

The defense lost the first round yesterday afternoon when His Honor Judge Lampham gave decisions adverse to Mr. Collins on the two points raised by him. His Honor held that perjury was extraditable, and that the facts as alleged would constitute perjury under the law of Canada. As his decision is not only interesting but important in view of the tremendous interest the case has excited it is here given in full. His Honor said: "The first point to determine is whether or not perjury is an extraditable offense. Section 3 of the Canadian Extradition Act of 1886 provides:

"In the case of any foreign state with which there is or after the time when this act comes into force, an extradition arrangement, this act shall apply during the continuance of such arrangement; but no provision of this act which is inconsistent with any of the terms of the arrangement shall have effect to contravene the arrangement; and this act shall be so read and construed as to provide for the execution of the arrangement."

"Now this act provides that it shall have no application where inconsistent with any treaty. At the time of the passage of this act the Ashburton treaty, which was the one then in force, did not contain perjury as one of the extraditable offenses, and therefore the act was inapplicable in a case in which perjury was charged. In 1889-90 a new treaty arrangement (including perjury as an extraditable crime) was entered into to extend the list of crimes not specified in the old treaty.

"By section 3 of the act provision is made that its terms shall apply while the provisions of the arrangement remain in force; the effect of that section is that so soon as the new arrangement came into force the provision of the act applied to it. It is argued, as I understand the argument, that the act could have no force without a subsequent act or order in council making its provisions applicable to the new extradition arrangement. The act itself provides by its own provisions without the necessity of any order in council that it shall apply to any new arrangement. In re Levi in Quebec Mr. Justice Warrille has held that perjury is an extraditable offense, although possibly the same point was not taken before him. I am of the opinion that perjury is an extraditable crime.

"In regard to the second point for the purposes of the argument it was assumed that the law of California requires the answer to a plea in a maintenance proceeding to be verified by affidavit. If so the facts alleged would constitute perjury in Canada under section 148 of our code."

Quickly Mr. Collins arose to formally object to His Honor's ruling and announced his intention to apply for a writ of habeas corpus without delay to test His Honor's jurisdiction.

An argument ensued upon Mr. Helmecken's request for an adjournment until 11 o'clock this morning. He intended to apply for a rule nisi before Mr. Justice Martin at 10:30 o'clock. This occasioned considerable discussion. Mr. Higgins objecting to the delay. Ultimately His Honor granted the defendant's request and the court adjourned.

Must Complete the Record.

This morning's phase of the court for the time being shifted to Chambers, where Mr. Helmecken applied for a rule nisi for a writ of habeas corpus to issue to discharge Mr. Collins from custody on the grounds that His Honor Judge Lampham had no jurisdiction in the case, that there was no law in Canada authorizing, requiring or permitting an oath of character referred to in the extradition proceedings on which was based the perjury charge, and thirdly, that perjury was not an extraditable offense. He read the defendant's affidavit setting forth the various facts.

This was supplemented by Mr. Helmecken's address in which counsel recounted the circumstances of the hearing and the defendant's recorded objections. He pointed out that up to a certain stage the extradition commissioner was with them in their contention, namely, that the treaty of 1842 did not contain perjury, and that therefore the act of 1886 was not applicable to a case in which perjury was charged. He had held, however, that under section 3 of that act its provisions should apply to a new arrangement when it came into force. The defense, however, contended that Canada not being a party to the federal act, it was a dependent federal statute, as distinguished from an independent federal statute.

Continuing, Mr. Helmecken said that

(Continued on page 8.)

Is Your Weight Increasing or Decreasing?

This is a Weighty Question.



CAMPBELL'S PRESCRIPTION STORE,

CORNER FORT AND DOUGLAS STS.

"Look for the Sign of The Camel."

Grand Opening

OF THE

GORGE PARK

WEDNESDAY, JULY 26th.

Illuminations. Band Concert by 5th. Regt. Band. Refreshment Pavilion on the grounds.

B. C. Electric Ry. Co., Ltd.

The Saunders Grocery Co., Ltd

39-41 Johnson Street.

A FEW SPECIALTIES

SHELTON'S WORCESTER SAUCE, bottle	10c.
ENGLISH PICKLES, bottle	15c.
LIBBY'S SALAD DRESSING, bottle	25c.
PURE GOLD SALAD DRESSING, packets	10c.

Try The Old Store. Phone 28.

A HEAVY WHEAT CROP INDICATED

PROSPECTS GOOD IN PRAIRIE PROVINCE

Dr. Drummond, the Author, Had Narrow Escape From Death—Canadian News.

Winnipeg, Man., July 24.—Vice-President Mr. McNicoll of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company arrived in the city from the West to-day. Accompanied by his family Mr. McNicoll covered the lines of the company in Western Canada quite thoroughly. Brief stops were made at all points of interest. While in the West the vice-president went carefully over the Nanaimo & Esquimalt railway, recently acquired by the company, and also made personal inquiry regarding the possibilities of the development of the business on Vancouver Island. It is stated that the line on the island will be extended to the near future and extensive new interests will be developed.

"We will not go over any of the branch lines in Manitoba," said Mr. McNicoll. "I am told there is nothing to be seen anywhere but wheat, of which there is every indication of an unequalled yield. I have taken careful notes of all portions of the line which I have covered, and find every department of the railway in excellent condition. All the extension work of the system is going steadily and the mileage added this year will be as well equipped as a railway can be made under the conditions under which we do our work."

Judicial Enquiry.
Judge Myers opens the script enquiry at Killarney to-morrow. An important



Going for Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

Don't put yourself in this man's place, but keep a bottle of this remedy in your home. There is nothing so good for Colic, Cholera, Malaria, Dysentery and Erysipelas. It is equally valuable for Summer Complaint and Cholera Infantum and has saved the lives of more children than any other medicine in use.

When reduced with water and sweetened it is pleasant to take.
You, or some one of your family, are sure to need this remedy sooner or later, and when that time comes you will need it badly; you will need it quickly. Why not buy it now and be prepared for such an emergency? Price, 35 cents.

array of counsel will be present.

C. P. R. Extension.
The C. P. R. awarded the contract for building the Toulon extension north of Winnipeg towards Gimli on Lake Winnipeg to J. D. McArthur.

Indicate Good Crop.
R. G. O'Malley, government works inspector, returned to-day from a trip over the province. He says the crops are the best in years, and if the present favorable conditions continue the output of wheat will be unprecedented.

Dr. Drummond's Escape.
Toronto, July 24.—A special from Halesbury, Ont., says Dr. Drummond, the well known author of "The Habitant," and Editor Farr of Halesbury, narrowly escaped death from lightning. A bolt struck the corner of Farr's house. Both Drummond and Farr were stunned.

Hotel Burned.
The Windsor hotel, Mimico, was totally destroyed by fire yesterday morning. There were sixteen guests in the hotel. All escaped without accident except Michel McBride, who was injured in the back by jumping from the window. The fire is supposed to be of incendiary origin, and the loss \$7,000; insurance, \$6,000.

Drowned in Bath.
Edwin Anderson, an Englishman 30 years old, was found drowned in the bath tub at his boarding house at Beaconfield avenue yesterday. He had been stricken with an apoplectic fit, to which he was subject, while taking a bath.

Fatally Burned.
Tommy Adams, four years old, was fatally burned while playing with matches at his home yesterday.

Seismic Disturbance.
The seismic disturbance reported in Vienna was felt at the observatory here at 10.12 last night, lasting three hours and 18 minutes.

CLARK'S PORK AND BEANS
Plain or appetizingly seasoned with Chili or Tomato Sauce. Clark's Pork and Beans are the best food for the hungry. 5c and 10c, per tin.

INVESTIGATION OF AFFAIRS.
Preliminary Steps Taken in Connection With the Inquiry Into Equitable Assurance Company.

New York, July 24.—District Attorney Jerome returned from his summer home at Lake Villa to-day, and immediately began his promised investigation of the affairs of the Equitable Life Assurance Society. At the close of the day Mr. Jerome issued the following statement: "I went to the Equitable building to meet Mr. Harrison, as I understood that he was going away to-morrow, and I desired to see the much-talked-of 'Union Pacific preferred syndicate agreement.' I made a careful examination of the terms of the agreement. Mr. Harrison stated that his books and papers were in the custody of his counsel, Judge Lovett, who was instructed to waive any question of professional privilege and to produce at any time any of them that I might deem of importance in the conduct of any investigation of matters within any jurisdiction. The syndicate agreement was one of the documents which would have at any time been produced for the inspection of the superintendent of insurance.

"The Equitable Life Insurance Society was not a party to the said agreement, and had not been at any time.

"I went to Kuhn, Loeb & Co.'s

building and had an interview with Mr. Jacob Schiff, who gave me full information in regard to the details of the syndicate operations referred to in the Erickson-Hendricks reports, producing papers showing the exact character of these syndicate operations, and declining to give me any further information or to produce any other documents which I might at any time desire."

Attorney-General Mayer to-day was at work upon the suits he intends to bring against persons liable to prosecution in connection with the Equitable Society. In all probability the suits will be filed before the end of the week.

JAPAN'S POSITION

While Desiring Peace, the Nation is Not Over Anxious in the Matter.

Chicago, July 24.—Baron Komura authorized this statement: "At New York we shall meet Minister Takahara, by whom we expect to have word from President Roosevelt inviting us to call either at Oyster Bay or Washington. We desire peace, yet we are not over-anxious nor are we over-sanguine that the negotiations will be productive. A Japanese protectorate over Korea will open a way for immigration there and divert it from this country.

The "Potsdam Special" took Baron Komura and party eastward. The Baron is due to arrive at Twenty-third street, New York, at 9.45 a. m. to-morrow.

HALF-SICK PEOPLE

The world is full of them. Just sick enough to be lazy and listless; to have no appetite; to sleep poorly. Quite often you're half sick yourself. Chances are the trouble is in the stomach and bowels. Best prescription is Dr. Hamilton's Pills; they tone up the entire system, strengthen the stomach, elevate your spirits, and make you well in one night. Dr. Hamilton's Pills work wonderfully with people in your condition. Mild in action, effective and easy to take. Get Dr. Hamilton's Pills to-day, 25c. per box at all dealers in medicine.

ALL ACCOUNTED FOR

Total Deaths From Gunboat Explosion Was 68—Investigating Causes of Accident.

San Diego, Cal., July 24.—All the men connected with the United States gunboat Bennington at the time of the fatal boiler explosion in San Diego harbor were accounted for to-day. Explorations of the vessel's hold continues as rapidly as it is emptied of water.

The summary of the situation to-day: Dead, 68; wounded, 46; uninjured, 92; deserter, 1. Total number of crew before accident, 197.

C. A. Munger was found alive and uninjured to-day, blotting out any missing list.

The identity of the four men classed as "identified dead" was established to-day as follows: C. Nelson, C. S. Carter, P. Strang, R. J. Ogles. The following injured men are still in a critical condition: W. V. Kennedy, George Hallert, C. Schantz, H. E. Mettles, P. Pakate, L. A. Gries, Walter Martin.

Commodore Young and the officers of the ship to-day began an investigation into the cause of the explosion.

Thorough Inquiry.

Washington, July 24.—Secretary of the United States Navy Bonaparte, in a statement made upon his arrival at the navy department to-day, said the public may rest assured that the Bennington disaster will be thoroughly investigated, and that whatever action the results of the investigation may show to be proper will be taken by the department promptly and effectively.

Admiral Dewey to-day received a message of condolence from Vice-Admiral Lord Charles Beresford, commanding the British Mediterranean fleet now at station at Gibraltar. He made a suitable reply.

Unsafe Boilers.

Honolulu, July 24.—G. A. Whitlock is under arrest on a charge of having deserted from the United States gunboat Bennington. He says he missed the vessel and is congratulating himself on his failure to reach the wharf in time. He says he did not desert. According to Whitlock, it was common talk among the crew that the boilers of the gunboat were unsafe, and he declares that this had nothing to do with his leaving the vessel. Whitlock also says that the chief machinist of the Bennington told him that the boilers of the boat were unsafe.

130 CASH PRIZES.

It is really wonderful to hear people talk of the great relief that Foot Elm gives to those who suffer from tired, aching, sweaty, blistered, parboiled, tender feet, and in order to more thoroughly introduce it we are offering 30 prizes \$1 to \$25 to those who use it. Send stamp for particulars, or 25c. box of 18 powders.

D. V. STOTT & JURY, Bowmanville, Ont.

Wives Wanted

To notify their husbands that this is the best place in the city to buy Wall Papers or Enamels for this month. Here are a few samples of our prices:
Wall Papers, from 20c. per can.
Mixed Paints, from 20c. per can.
Enamels, from 15c. per can.
Perfection Wall Paper, 25c. per package.
Picture Framing and Mounting at Lowest Prices.

Mellor Bros., Limited

WATCH REPAIRING.
A. PITCH, 90 Douglas street. Specialty of English watch repairing. All kinds of clocks and watches repaired.

Condensed Advertisements.

Rates for insertion in THE TIMES: All classifications, except Births, Marriages and Deaths, 1 cent per word per day; six insertions for the price of four; no advertisement taken for less than 25 cents. Time rates on application.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

KAI CHUNG & BRO., 158 Government St. Employment agency; servants and laborers for any work. Ring up phone 1123. Best and above store.

FOR GARDENING—Cleaning, or in fact work of any kind, ring up the W. C. T. U. Mission, 17 Johnson street, Phone 1124.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

WANTED—MALE HELP.
Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

WANTED—Journeyman draughtsman; must have experience in marine work, capable of working out even details of hull and arrangements. Apply by letter, giving particulars and salary wanted. H. C. Railway Co., Ltd., Victoria, B. C.

WANTED—First-class carpenter at Royal Cafe, Fort street, D. H. Hale.

ANY INTELLIGENT person may earn a good income corresponding to his own powers; no canvassing; experience unnecessary. Send for particulars. Northern Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.
Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

WANTED—A ward maid. Apply to Matron, Jubilee Hospital.

WANTED—Waiters, at the Poodle Dog Restaurant.

WANTED—An experienced woman to do house work in a small family. Apply morning to Mrs. W. C. Chalmers, corner Fort and Linden streets.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

BOARD AND ROOMS.
Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

GORDON HOTEL, 99 Yates street. Room and board for limited number; terms moderate and inclusive, hot and cold baths, telephone, reading room, piano, etc.

FURNISHED ROOMS—First-class table, well recommended; fine brick house and grounds, piano and croquet lawn. Telephone A370, 227 Johnson, corner Vancouver.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

MONEY TO LOAN.
Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

TO LOAN—\$1,500 on city property at 7 per cent. Apply H. W. Times Office.

LOST AND FOUND.
Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

LOST—A cockatoo from the cage; \$5 reward for return to J. A. Winter, 228 Fairfield road. Answer found harboring same after this notice will be prosecuted.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.
Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

WANTED—All kinds of bicycle repair work; all work guaranteed. J. T. Braden, 1480 Commercial street. Estimates given on all plumbing and heating work.

C. M. COOKSON, plumber and heating. Jobbing work speedily estimated given on all kinds of plumbing and sewer work. Headquarters for up-to-date English washstands. Tel. 674, 97 Johnson street.

COFFEE AND SPICES.

VICTORIA COFFEE AND SPICE MILLS—Coffee and milled, 148 Government street. A. J. Morley proprietor.

PLUMBERS AND GAS FITTERS.

A. & W. WILSON, Plumbers and Gas Fitters, Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths; Dealers in the best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc.; shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria. B. C. Telephone call 129.

BOAT BUILDERS.

BOATS AND SCOWS BUILT TO ORDER. Apply San Juan Boat Co., P. O. Box 72, Victoria, B. C.

MACHINISTS.

L. HAFER, General Machinist, No. 150 Government street. Tel. 930.

POTTERY WARE.

SEWER PIPE, FIELD TILE, GROUND FIRE CLAY, FLOWER POTS, ETC. R. C. POTTERY CO., LIMITED, CORNER BROAD AND PANDORA STREETS, VICTORIA.

CHIMNEY SWEEPING.

CALL ON MESSRS. LLOYD & CO., sweepers to H. M. Naval Department, Please leave call at Gower & Wigglesworth's. Up-to-date Fish Market, 110 Douglas St.

CHIMNEYS CLEANED—Defective ones fixed, etc. Wm. Neal, 32 Quadra street. Phone A381.

CARPET RENOVATING.

J. P. SHARP—Carpet and rug beaten, renovated and relaid at reasonable prices. Leave orders at Reid's Tea Store, 38 Douglas street, Clarence Block. Ring up 1129.

PROVINCIAL ROYAL JUBILEE HOSPITAL

TENDERS FOR SUPPLIES.
Sealed tenders will be received for supplying the above institution from August 1st, 1905, to July 31st, 1906, with the following articles, to be delivered free: Meat, Fish, Poultry, Vegetables, Groceries, Milk, Bread, Drugs, and all cleaning and Binding the Directors' Report.

Tenders to be delivered to the undersigned or before noon on Friday, July 28th, 1905.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Form of tender can be obtained on application to F. BLWORTHY, Secretary, Board of Trade Bldg.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

FOR IMMEDIATE SALE—One story cottage, 5 rooms, kitchen, bathroom, etc., sewer connection, electric light, kitchen, garden, holly and fruit trees, etc.; lot 54 by 200. Apply Box 200, Times Office.

CHOICE ACRE PROPERTY—Within a mile and a half of City Hall; price \$150 an acre, easy terms. Heisterman & Co.

FOR SALE—Phaeton, nearly new. Apply at Barlow's Stables.

FOR SALE—Thoroughbred Berkshire pigs, 2 months old; also some milk cows. Apply R. W. Siggert, Siggert P. O., B. C.

FOR SALE—A small business in the center of the city, suitable for a man or woman. Day, \$22; imitation pearl earrings, \$5; bicycle, \$15; boxing gloves, \$2.50; suit case, \$2.50; revolver, 32 cal., hammerless, \$3.50; Jacobson's new and second-hand store, 64 Johnson street, two doors below Government street.

FOR SALE—Cocker spaniel pups, both red and black, and partly grown dogs, the right age for training; also two 1-cu. ft. terrier pups, eight months old, out of the celebrated Daring Magic and Champion Hector; sold cheap if taken at once. Apply J. W. Creighton, P. O. Box 525, of Burnside road.

FOR SALE—A wagon in first-class condition, cheap. Apply J. Gunn, carpenter and builder, corner View and Quadra Sts.

FOR SALE—P. S. Bartlett—watch, 17 Jewels, \$17.50; English gold chain, 20 days, \$22; imitation pearl earrings, \$5; bicycle, \$15; boxing gloves, \$2.50; suit case, \$2.50; revolver, 32 cal., hammerless, \$3.50; Jacobson's new and second-hand store, 64 Johnson street, two doors below Government street.

FOR SALE—By tender to the highest bidder, on August 1st, two acres first-class land, cultivated, potatoes, fruit trees and small fruits, four roomed house, etc.; wood and water convenient, worth \$3,000; knock-down price, \$2,000; located between Fourth street and Linwood avenue, outside city limits. Address D. Main, care of Times Office.

FOR SALE—3 roomed cottage, corner lot and half, also lawn, fruit trees, etc., price \$150. Apply on premises, 68 North Pembroke street.

FOR SALE—Horse of all kinds. From \$35 up; new and second-hand buggies, carts and wagons. From \$10 up; a few first-class fresh cows. Apply Fisher's Carriage Shop, Store street.

FOR SALE—WAR SCRIP—South African War Bonds, 100 Government street.

FOR SALE—First-class planer and matcher, in good order, 615, Shawigan Lake, Lumber Co.

TO LET.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

TO RENT—Furnished house. Apply 111 Blanchard avenue.

TO RENT—Furnished or unfurnished, house of 9 rooms, Topaz avenue. Apply Dr. A. A. Humber, 40 Government street.

TO LET—Small well furnished cottage. Apply 32 Quadra street.

TO LET—Store, now occupied by The Paterson Shoe Co., 35 Johnson street; possession August 1st. Apply McCandless Bros., 37 Johnson street.

FOR RENT—A very desirable site for a small camp, sea bathing, boating and fishing; every convenience at hand; one and a half miles from city Post Office. Apply P. O. Box 432.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

WANTED—Well known parties who suffer from catarrh or asthma to use new medical appliance, and give in payment full details of benefits received. Address "N. W.," Times.

BRASS CANDLESTICKS—The only place in town where you can get the real old English brass candlesticks is at the Old Curiosity Shop, cor. of Fort and Blanchard. Pierce O'Connor, Carra pass door.

REPTILE—Heard's Reptile Appliances for men, women and children; recommended by physicians everywhere. Office, 70 Yates street.

DICKSON & HOWES, 131 to 135 Johnson street, Grimm's Block, Victoria; manufacturers of show cases and store fixtures in hard and soft wood; designs and estimates furnished.

AH WING—Fashionable tailor, ladies' and gents' clothes made to order and perfect fit guaranteed. 160 Government street.

SING SUI—Manufacturer and dealer in ladies' silk and cotton underwear, dresses, wrappers, etc. 74 Douglas street, Victoria.

BEST JAPANESE PORCELAIN and fancy goods at Kawai Bros. Co., 86 Douglas St.

BOARDS OF TRADE, Tourist Associations, etc., should consult us when preparing guide books, advertising literature, and all kinds of illustrated folders. We group photos artistically and guarantee best results. B. C. Photo-Engraving Co., 30 Broad street, Victoria.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

EDUCATIONAL.

SHORTHAND SCHOOL—15 Broad street. Special attention given to bookkeeping. Thorough instruction in bookkeeping, shorthand, typewriting. E. A. Macmillan, principal.

DYEING AND CLEANING.

B. C. STEAM DYE WORKS, 141 Yates street. Largest dyeing and cleaning establishment in the province. Country orders solicited. Tel. 530.

CEMENT WORK.

SLATE AND GRAVEL ROOFING, cement sidewalks laid, etc. John Bell. Leave orders at Nicholls & Renon.

HOTELS.

FERNIE, B. C.—Hotel Waldorf. Splendid accommodation for tourists and commercial men.

THOS. H. PARR, Provincial Land Surveyor, Five Sisters Block, Victoria.

W. J. HANNA, Graduate U. S. College of Embalming, New York, 102 Douglas street. Office telephone, 498. Residence telephone, 611.

LEE & FRASER.

Real Estate and Insurance Agents, 9 and 11 Truncho Avenue.

NORTH SAANICH—100 acres, 15 in pasture, small house, and fenced; price \$2,000.

FRAME COTTAGE and large lot, near Beacon Hill Park; price \$1,700.

TWO LOTS—Assessed for \$500; will sell for \$325.

SMALL COTTAGE—4 minutes from Post Office, sewer connections and electric light; price \$1,100, terms.

BELTON AVE., VICTORIA WEST—3 roomed cottage and lot 60x120 feet; only \$700.

GOOD LOT—Near car line, fronting on 2 streets; price \$125.

CRAIGFLOWER ROAD CAR LINE—Large lot; price \$250, easy terms.

CAREY ROAD—Near Creamery, lots \$50 each; terms, \$10 down and \$5 per month.

HOUSES TO RENT—See our list of vacant dwellings; we have a good list to select from.

Money to Loan: Fire and Life Insurance; also Choice Farm Lands.

LEE & FRASER, Real Estate and Insurance Agents, 9 and 11 Truncho Avenue.

PEMERION & SON

Real Estate, Financial & Insurance Agents, 45 Fort Street.

ISLAND FARMS FOR SALE.

Saanich, 82 acres of first-class land, dwelling and buildings.

A cheap place, 95 acres, 5 cultivated; fruit trees, 3-room cottage, barn and chicken houses; only \$250.

Nine miles from city, a handsome house, buildings, and 500 acres, of which a large part is good bottom land, about 125 cultivated.

Royal Bay, a desirable residential property, large house, buildings, and over 100 acres, sea front, splendid views of sea and mountains in the distance, telephone to city.

A very cheap home, 150 acres, partly cleared, 40 fruit trees, house, stable, 3 good chicken houses (all in good shape), 2 wells, near a lake, in a fine hunting district, 15 miles from Victoria.

A thoroughly well built house, contains 3 reception rooms and five bedrooms, kitchen, pantry, etc., water laid on to house, stable, poultry houses, etc., tennis lawn, flower garden, every kind of fruit, 7 1/2 acres grass land, splendid spring and wind engine, all in capital order, caucan and post office within easy walk, and about three miles from Victoria.

Some CHOICE ACRE BLOCKS for sale; all good cultivated land.

CHOICE LOT AND A HALF

CONSIGNMENT OF THE FAVORITE

"CALEDONIAN"

JUST RECEIVED

R. P. RITHET & CO., LTD.

TENTS TENTS

SAIL LOFT AND TENT FACTORY, 125 GOVERNMENT STREET, UP-STAIRS.

With our new and up-to-date electric machines we can manufacture Sails, Tents, Bags, Covers, etc., CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST. We have a very large assortment of Drill and Duck Tents to choose from. See our Waterproof Tents. The largest and best equipped Sail Loft and Tent Factory in the city. We rent Tents cheaper than ever.

ESTABLISHED 23 YEARS.

PHONE 706.

F. JEUNE & BRO.,

Practical Sail and Tent Makers and Contractors.

HALL'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES

THE BEST

Blood and nerve builder. Drives away that tired spring feeling.

\$1.00 A BOTTLE

HALL & CO.,

DISPENSING CHEMISTS,

Clarence Block, Cor. Douglas and Yates Sts.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Daily Report Furnished by the Victoria

Meteorological Department.

Victoria, July 25.—5 a. m.—The barometer

remains high to the northward and fine

warm weather will continue on Vancouver

Island and the Lower Mainland, while the

Kootenay and Eastern Washington intense

heat still prevails. Fog is reported at Cape

Plattery and on the California coast. Fine

and moderately warm weather continues in

the Territories and Manitoba.

Forecasts.

For 36 hours ending 5 p.m. Wednesday.

Victoria and vicinity—Light to moderate

southerly winds, continued fine and warm.

Lower Mainland—Light winds, continued

fine and warm.

Reports.

Victoria—Barometer, 29.94; temperature,

54; minimum, 44; wind, calm; weather,

clear.

New Westminster—Barometer, 29.92; temperature,

60; minimum, 49; wind, 4 miles S. W.; weather, fair.

Nanaimo—Wind, 4 miles S. E.; weather,

fair.

Kamloops—Barometer, 29.96; temperature,

64; minimum, 64; wind, calm; weather,

cloudy.

Barkerville—Barometer, 30.12; temperature,

74; minimum, 44; wind, calm; weather,

clear.

San Francisco—Barometer, 30.00; temperature,

72; minimum, 59; wind, 6 miles S. W.; weather, cloudy.

Edmonton—Barometer, 30.30; temperature,

54; minimum, 54; wind, 4 miles N. E.; rain, .08; weather, cloudy.

AGE ADDS TO ITS POPULARITY.

Fifty years ago Putnam's Corn

Extractor was introduced. Its sale has

been enormous. Why? Because it is

the only painless remedy for corns, warts

and bunions. Doubtless you've proved

this yourself.

MOTOR BOAT RACE.

Boston Vessel Wins in a Trying Test

Along Atlantic Coast.

Marblehead, Mass., July 24.—After a

daring run along 288 miles of the New

England coast under unusually tempestuous

conditions of mid-summer, the 28-

foot motor launch Tallman, owned by

Wm. Saville, of Boston, and built in that

city, won today the Knickerbocker

Yacht Club's long distance power boat

race from New York to this port.

Battled by heavy seas for nearly 24

hours, with her seams started and her

wet and hungry crew pumping vigorously,

the Tallman, the smallest of the fleet

of twelve which started at noon Satur-

day, struggled into this harbor, crossing

the finishing line at 9:24:50, the winner

of the \$250 silver cup.

Late to-day another Boston boat, the

Bliss, owned by C. W. Easterbrook, and

the largest boat of the fleet, came into

the harbor, finishing at 5:27:10.

About two hours later, the Aquilla,

owned by A. H. Chase, of Providence,

and the Glissand, owned by F. L. An-

drews, of Fall River, arrived, the former

being some seconds in the lead.

Cottage City, Mass., July 24.—The

power boat Yeddo arrived during the af-

ternoon. She had been forced to put

into Block Island on account of the

storm.

The German transport Sylvia arrived

yesterday at Taku with 500 military re-

liefs. She landed 500 men at Pingto.

of views would have a more important bearing on the internal affairs of the two empires than on their external affairs. "The Socialistic movement," the representative of Count Lamsdorff added, "has assumed big proportions in both countries, and it is a matter of serious consideration of both monarchs."

Norway's Crown.

In another quarter it was suggested that the German Emperor may have asked Emperor Nicholas to support a German prince for the throne of Norway. King Oscar having announced that he would not permit a member of the house of Rasmund to assume the sceptre, and the only other candidate being Prince Charles of Denmark, who is married to an English princess.

The marshal of the court, Count Brandenbourg, has sent the following from the island of Bjorker: "At 10 o'clock in the evening of July 23rd, the German imperial yacht Hohenzollern dropped anchor near the anchorage of the Russian imperial yacht Polar Star. Emperor William accompanied by Prince Albert of Schleswig-Holstein, and his suite, was rowed to the Polar Star. Emperor William was received at the head of the ladder by Emperor Nicholas and Grand Duke Michael and cordial greetings were exchanged. The German Emperor reviewed the guard of honor and the yacht's crew and the two salutes were presented, after which their majesties retired to the saloon.

"At 11 o'clock at night Emperor Nicholas and Grand Duke Michael accom-

panied Emperor William to the Hohenzollern, where they remained until 1:30 in the morning."

French Feeling.

Paris, July 25.—The meeting between Emperor Nicholas and Emperor William excited the keenest curiosity, and the newspapers this morning almost unanimously declare that the conference of the overrings is of the highest importance and that its fruits will be felt throughout the world.

M. Jaures, the Socialist leader in the chamber of deputies expressed the opinion that the conference constitutes an offence against Great Britain. The Russian Emperor, he says, is apparently seeking an alliance with Germany.

Senator Clemenceau says: It is well that Peterhof be made to understand that the interview creates suspicion in France. The French government has a right to demand of Russia a clear explanation of its foreign policy.

Gabriel Hanotaux, former minister of foreign affairs, in the Journal points an ensemble picture of the situation and expresses the hope that the invitation of President Roosevelt in the peace conference will prove successful.

The Figaro says: "The conference at sea of two rulers of over two hundred millions of men untrammelled by the presence of the cabinets or foreign diplomats permits them a rare privilege nowadays. The great power of the German Emperor will probably impress on Emperor Nicholas the danger of the yellow peril."

The Petit Journal says: "The meeting of Emperor William will result in Emperor Nicholas losing prestige in the eyes of Russians."

Great Britain's Position.

London, July 24.—From a high official of the foreign office to-day the Associated Press obtained an interesting statement regarding the relations of Great Britain, France and Germany. Beginning with a declaration that Great Britain would welcome a defensive alliance with France because it would insure a long continuance of European peace by acting as a check to German ambitions, the official characterized the charges made in the German press against Great Britain of seeking to involve France in a war with Germany as absolutely contrary to the facts. He said:

"France certainly is not desirous of war with Germany, and if Great Britain, as alleged, is urging France to fight, the French government and press would not now displaying that friendliness towards us which is apparent on all sides.

"When Germany created the controversy with France over Morocco, the British government informed the French government that it would support it in whatever policy it decided to pursue. Accordingly Great Britain declined to participate in the international conference, then France declined, and Great Britain accepted when France considered its decision; but any charge that we sought to bring about war or failed to use our good offices to prevent a conflict is absolutely false.

"We would undoubtedly have stood by France in any conflict over the Moroccan question, but we do not want a conflict, and desire an understanding with France so as to insure peace.

"Great Britain would suffer infinitely greater losses than her adversary. For one thing, our entire shipping would go to America, and the people would overthrow any government assuming an aggressive attitude."

Regarding the diplomatic relations between Germany and Great Britain, the Associated Press was informed that they were not in the least strained, and that there never had been any serious difficulty between the two governments.

It has always been considered here that Germany's attack on the French Moroccan policy dealt directly with the Anglo-French entente, while well-founded opinions have been expressed that Germany would welcome an understanding with France, instead of occupying a begging role.

A dispatch from Elko, Nev., says that Saturday night saw the most destructive tornado in the history of Nevada, sweeping over Battle Mountain. No lives were lost, but cattle were killed and buildings destroyed.

LADIES WHO LIKE SMALL SHOES Those who take pleasure in wearing small shoes can have the pleasure without the pain and discomfort if they will use Foot Elm. It prevents the chafing, always the inflammation, cools, soothes and relieves, tender feet. —18 pavers 25c. at Druggists, or by mail with particulars of our \$100.00 prize offer.

D. V. STOTT & JURY, Bowmanville, Ont.

Make your New Shoes comfortable by using

Foot Elm

Make your New Shoes comfortable by using

Foot Elm

Make your New Shoes comfortable by using

Foot Elm

NATURAL REMEDIES.

Some Gifts of Dame Nature.

Strange how often Nature provides an appropriate remedy for a local or general disease. The inside bark of the willow trees, which grow in damp and rheumatic places, gives Salicine, the great cure for acute rheumatism. Quinine, which is the cure for Ague, is made from Peruvian Bark, which tree thrives in swampy, aguish districts. Again, fruit flourishes in hot climates where liver, kidney and skin diseases abound—and he who lives in a hot climate and abstains from eating fruit will die—generally from liver disease. Why? Because fruit acts on the bowels and makes them move, acts on the liver and causes more bile to flow—which is the natural purgative—acts on the kidneys and makes them excrete more urine, acts on the skin and increases the action of the skin in throwing off impurities. Fruit purifies the blood by increasing the action of the bowels, skin and kidneys. One has to eat a lot of fruit to get the full benefit. A physician in Ottawa has discovered a method of combining the juices of apples, oranges, prunes and figs and then forcing an additional atom of fruit into the orange juice into the united juices—this makes a stronger fruit material—many times stronger than ordinary fruit. The fruit laxative extract is made into tablets, and sold under the name of "Fruit-atives" or "Fruit Liver Tablets." These tablets are a natural remedy for Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Kidney, Liver and Skin diseases and all blood impurities. 50c. a box, 6 boxes \$2.50 or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-atives Limited, Ottawa.

SECRET CONTRACT WAS CONSIDERED

BY CITY COUNCIL

YESTERDAY EVENING

The Discussion Was Finally Adjourned For One Week—Tenders For Different Supplies.

What has commonly been known as the secret contract which the city council of last year entered into with the Tramway Company respecting the Goldstream water supply appears to be now doomed to defeat at the hands of the present aldermen. Judging from the discussion at the weekly meeting of the board of aldermen last evening, unless the agreement is modified at least five members of the council will oppose it, namely, Aids. Hanna, Douglas, Fullerton, Stewart and Hall, Aids. Goodacre, Elford and Oddy remained silent, while Aid. Fell and his Worship were strongly in favor of the proposition as it now exists. There was quite an animated discussion on the subject last evening, which was finally adjourned for one week to permit of a number of aldermen looking into the various water propositions before the city, and to give them further time in which to reflect on possibly other schemes. The returning officer reported the result of the recent vote taken on the by-laws submitted a few days ago. This was received and filed.

A. T. Goward, manager of the B. C. Electric Railway Company, notified the council of the opening of the new park at the Gorge on Wednesday evening next. The writer hoped to see a number of the aldermen present on that occasion.

Aid. Hanna moved that the invitation to accepted with thanks. He considered the enterprise of the company very commendable. The motion carried.

Mrs. J. Cameron drew attention to the dangerous condition of the sidewalk on Wilkerson alley. It was referred to the city engineer for report.

R. Porter & Sons called attention to the condition of Burnside road from Douglas street to the city limits. This was referred to the city engineer for report as to cost.

E. G. Prior & Co. requested that the city lay a new permanent sidewalk on Johnson street along side of their premises. It was referred to the city engineer.

The city assessor reported as follows: Gentlemen—I have the honor to report as follows re ten schedules of proposed permanent sidewalks, which have lain on the counter in my office for the time prescribed by the by-law, viz:

1. East side of Dallas road from Erie to St. Lawrence streets. This is petitioned against by nominally 9 persons, representing an assessment of \$15,000, the non-petitioners amounting to 4, and representing an assessment of \$22,000, the petitioners having thus not secured sufficient representation in value to block the work. In addition to this, the petition contains 4 names, which, in my opinion, may not be authorized signatures, being signed by agents and others. This would leave the genuine number of petitioners 5 and the non-petitioners 8, with a respective money value of \$8,750 and \$30,250.

2. East side of St. Lawrence street, between Kingston street and Erie street. This is petitioned against by 2 persons, representing an assessment of \$2,000. The non-petitioners number 4 and represent an assessment of \$1,500. The petitioners have thus failed to secure a sufficient number of signatures to block the work.

3. South side of Erie street from St. Lawrence street to Dallas road. This is petitioned against by 11 persons, representing an assessment of \$13,000, with only 1 non-petitioner, representing an assessment of \$1,200, the petitioners having thus succeeded in obtaining enough signatures and representation to block the work.

With respect to the remaining schedules, viz: South side of Sincove street from Carr street to Beacon Hill park; east side of St. John street from Belleville street to Quebec street; south side of Quebec street from Menzies street to St. John street; south side of Kingston street from Montreal street to St. Lawrence street; east side of Carr street from Toronto street to Sincove street; east side of Bridge street from Belleville street to Michigan street; and east side of Clarence street from Sincove street to Nungara street, no petitions have been received, and, in my

opinion, the time has passed in which such petitions can be presented.

WM. W. NORTHCOFF, Assessor.

Received and filed, and a solicitor instructed to frame the necessary by-law. Wallace West applied for the position of janitor and gasman for the Carnegie library. Two applications were received and filed.

A petition from John Devereaux and 150 others was read expressing the request that the council should be asked to give a permit for a double track from Rock Bay to Government street.

Received and filed, the writers to be informed that the request has been granted on conditions that the company agreed to carry out certain conditions included on by the council.

The finance committee recommended the payment of accounts totalling \$2,400.93. This report was adopted.

Tenders for sand for the filter beds were received as follows: J. Haggerty, 90 cents per cubic yard, and J. Piercy, \$1.00 per cubic yard. These were referred to the water commissioner for report.

Tenders for a tin roof over the fire bell in the city market building were then opened as follows: H. Cooley, \$290; J. W. Kimlock, \$305; W. Wilson, \$405; Clark & Pearson, \$400; John Collett, \$340; John Cogan & Co., \$298, and J. H. Warner, \$350.

The tenders were referred to the building inspector for report.

Ald. Douglas called attention to the complaint of a resident on Constance street whose household furniture suffered from the dust created by cattle being driven along that thoroughfare. He suggested that the street be watered.

Tenders for tearing down the old buildings on Broad street were next received as follows: Julius West, \$20 for one building and for 39 and 40 Broad street, \$40; John Scott, \$24 and \$48 for other buildings; James Keen, \$40 and \$100 for other two buildings; W. E. Harrison, \$145 for three buildings; Oliver Johnson, \$75; Henry M. Barron, \$75 for two of the buildings; E. Simpson, \$50 and \$125 for the two buildings. The contract will be awarded to the lowest tender if the owners do not commence removing the building by Wednesday next.

Ald. Elford drew attention to a tender which Walter Brown claimed to have submitted for blinds for the Carnegie library. This the company, claimed was the lowest.

His Worship to settle the point read the report from the building inspector, which showed that Dickson & Howes were the successful tenderers.

It was referred to Mr. Northcott for a further report.

The streets, bridges and sewers committee reported recommending that certain tenders for furnishing the Carnegie library be accepted, also that the city health officer be requested to report on the proposed location of the Old Men's Home. The first and second clauses were passed over until the report from the building inspector is received. The rest of the report carried.

It was moved by Aid. Hanna, seconded by Aid. Douglas that

Whereas Mr. J. M. Buntzen, general manager of the B. C. Electric Railway Company, Ltd. (foreign), did in February last publish in the Daily Times a letter asking if the Victoria city council wished to withdraw from the agreement entered into with the said company and the council of 1904, which agreement would give the said company, at a reduced rate, exclusive use of all water for power purposes, and also exclusive rights to sell power; and whereas the said letter has not been answered. Therefore be it resolved, that a reply be now forwarded to the aforesaid company stating that the council wish to withdraw from the agreement, believing the same to be unpopular with our citizens as to court defeat at the polls should a vote be taken on the same.

Ald. Fell moved an amendment, seconded by Aid. Oddy, to strike out all the words after 1904 and insert in lieu thereof the following:

Resolved, that this council be of the opinion that as the council of 1904 entered into the said contract believing it to be a good business proposition, and one in the interests of the city, the ratifiers of the city are the proper parties to say whether the said contract should be withdrawn or approved.

Ald. Fell rose to a point of order. He stated to know what right the aldermen had to act on letters addressed to the public press? If the letter was addressed to the council then he for one would be prepared to give it consideration.

His Worship doubted if the point of order was well taken. He did not see why a statement of any kind appearing in the public press should not be the subject of a resolution passed by the council.

Ald. Fell wanted to hear the letter read, but it was explained that the letter could not be found.

His Worship ruled that the motion was in order.

Ald. Fell said so far as he could remember the letter stipulated a time in which the proposition could be rejected.

His Worship said he would like to see the letter.

Wise Mothers Nourish Their Babies On Life-Giving Lactated Food

During the Hot Weather.

It Saves Baby From All Deadly Summer Complaints.

All Druggists.

A TIME TEST A Three Minute Infusion of

"SALADA"

Ceylon Tea will give a practical demonstration of cup-drawing superiority that will convince the most fastidious.

Black, Mixed or Green. Sold only in lead packets, 25c, 50c.

By Grocers.

KELLY, DOUGLAS & CO., WHOLESALE AGENTS.

E. G. Prior & Co., LIMITED, LIABILITY.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in—

Bar and Plate Iron & Steel

Mill and Mining Supplies

General Hardware.

VICTORIA, B. C.

For Lumber, Sash, Doors,

And All Kinds of Building Material, Go to

THE TAYLOR MILL CO., LIMITED LIABILITY,

MILL OFFICE AND YARDS, NORTH GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

P. O. BOX 628. TEL. 564.

have the matter settled now and forever. He would like to see the motion dealt with on its merits. The council could withdraw at any time from the agreement.

Ald. Fell proceeded to point out the salient features of the agreement, showing that neither the Esquimalt waterworks nor the tramway company had a right to expropriate, and at the expiration of the 25 years the city could act independently. He wanted to go on record as being opposed to any such unbusinesslike proposition as the motion outlined. If the contract entered into last year was such an onerous one, he was prepared to stand or fall by the decision of the people. The agreement was merely an optional one, and he refused to accept the opinion of one man in the person of an editor of a paper as expressing the opinion of the public. If he was wrong then he would apologize to the Times.

Ald. Stewart asked that the motion be stood over until Thursday, as he wanted to give it further consideration.

Ald. Fullerton: "The trouble is the meetings on that evening are held in camera. This is an important question, and we want to know where the aldermen stand on it."

Ald. Stewart: "I don't care when the meeting is held. He considers the council would be more free on Thursday. There were three propositions he would like to think over."

Ald. Fell did not know that the agreement was ever before council meeting before.

Ald. Hanna wished to congratulate the Mayor on the latter's good judgment.

He was very rude last Thursday evening. He went so far as to ask Aid. Fell if he was there as an advocate of the tramway company. He might have made some strong remarks against the water commissioner, but he said that now that a start be made with a clean slate. He might know that a bargain had been made last year, but to go on and condemn or amend it now was not what the aldermen were there for. It was a question for experts to decide. The tramway company paid \$8,000 a year for a term of 31 years. Their rates, however, are increasing year by year on account of the company using more water, and the last fiscal year they paid \$22,875. They applied for 6,000,000 more per day, but were refused, they wanting to pay twelve thousand for the extra water obtained, on which they would charge forty-eight thousand. The Esquimalt company, however, considered that this left too much of a margin for their firms in business, and this was to Aid. Hanna an illustration of what power was worth.

At the time the North Dairy pumping station was installed the tramway company was asked to tender on the power supply, and their tender was four cents per K. W. hour, or \$202.20 per annum. This meant an actual outlay in proportion of \$40 to the company. The tender was refused, and as is well known, a steam plant was installed, which cost \$115 per daily horse power per annum. The total cost of the pumping station is \$11,292 per year. Mr. Adams in his report stated that this was two-thirds too high, principally owing to the waste of coal involved in using old-fashioned machinery.

Ald. Douglas considered that the council should be free to act on its own initiative.

Ald. Fullerton said that it should be patent to all that the particular clause stipulating that the city could not go in to the selling business for 25 years would never be received by the citizens. If this was passed it would be like placing a mill stone around their necks. Great possibilities lay between now and the expiration of 25 years. He was in favor of the subject of debate being laid over for a week. He believed that the tramway company would modify its demands, and that the council should start afresh.

Ald. Fell pointed out an additional objection which the city might have if the agreement was annulled. He was glad to see that there was only one clause that was condemned, and that otherwise the contract appeared to be a pretty good one. As for secret meetings the press said that these were never held

elsewhere than in Victoria. He alluded to the legislature at Ottawa, and to the Dominion cabinet, where secrets are never divulged until brought down in a bill. He picked up a "Prince paper, and there found reference to secret sessions.

Up to the present the proposition was the only one submitted, and the agreement existed now for six months. It was a concrete proposition, and the only one which showed what revenue the city could derive by taking over the Goldstream waterworks. If the proposition was to pay out a million and a half for the works without knowing where revenue was to come from it would be defeated.

The Daily Times

Published every day (except Sunday) by the
Times Printing & Publishing Co.
LIMITED.
JOHN NELSON,
Managing Director.
Offices: 25 Broad Street
Telephone: 1009
Reportorial Rooms: 45
Business Office: 1009
Daily, one month, by carrier, \$3.00
Daily, one month, by mail, \$2.00
Twice a Week Times, per annum, \$1.00
Copy for changes of advertisements must be handed in at the office not later than 9 o'clock a. m.; if received later than that hour will be changed the following day.

The Daily Times is on sale at the following places in Victoria:

Jones' Cigar Store, Douglas Street.
Emery's Cigar Store, 25 Government St.
Kilgus' Stationery Store, 75 Yates St.
Victoria News Co., Ltd., 80 Yates St.
Victoria Book & Stationery Co., 61 Gov't.
T. N. Hibben & Co., 60 Government St.
A. Edwards, 51 Yates St.
West & Martin, Gov't and Tremble Alley.
George Marshall, cor. Yates and Gov't.
H. W. Walker, grocer, Esquimalt road.
W. Wilby, 41 Douglas St.
Mrs. Clark, Victoria West post office.
Pope Stationery Co., 110 Government St.
T. Redding, Craigflower road, Victoria W.
J. T. McQuinn, Oak Bay Junction.
F. G. Pelt, Belmont P. O.
Mrs. Connor, Oak Bay.
A. Schneider, Meunier and Michigan Sts.
Mrs. Talbot, Cook and Pandora Sts.
Mrs. Marshall, George Hotel, at the George.
Geo. O. Anderson, Savoy Cigar Store, Gov't.
A. Adams, Stationer, 41 and 43 Broad St.
F. Le Roy, Palace Cigar Store, Gov't St.
Orders taken at the Meunier's for delivery of Daily Times by the following places:
The TIMES is also on sale at the following places:
Seattle-Louman, A. H. Hafford, 916 First Ave., Upper Sausalito, Calif.
Seattle News Stand, Hamner Grand Hotel News Stand.
Vancouver-Vancouver Hotel, Gateway & Co.
New Westminster-J. J. McKay; H. Morey & Co.
Kamloops-Smith Bros.
Dawson-Wait House, Bonanza News Co.
Reynolds-H. H. Wallace, M. W. Simpson.
Nanaimo-L. J. Dwyer & Co.
White Horse, Y. T. Bennett News Co.
Revelstoke-C. D. Beattie, Red Cross Drug Store.
Greenwood-Smith & McEneaney.
Phoenix-M. Rae Bros. & Smith.
Grand Forks-W. H. Litter.
Fernie-W. A. L. Litter.
Portland-Oregon News Co., 147 Sixth St. McConnell & Anderson.

A REAL OPPORTUNITY.

The government of Ontario is going to ascertain the value of the water power of the province. The motive for its action is to be found in the great potential value of water courses as a means of generating power. Wherever great stores of hydraulic energy are to be found there will be established great centres of industry. That is one of the developments of the times as a consequence of the ingenuity of inventors in the application of electric power to industrial uses. Furthermore the value of hydraulic power as a factor in industrial progress has been greatly enhanced as a consequence of the discovery that electric energy can be transmitted great distances without such serious loss as to prove an effective barrier to its economic utilization for useful purposes. It is the general opinion that it is only a matter of a comparatively short time until electricity shall supplant steam as a motive power on the majority of the railways of this country and on most of the railways of the United States on which conditions are favorable. The New York Central Railway, the greatest land transportation concern on the continent, has been making experiments on a portion of its lines, and is reported to be pleased with the result. If that company carries out the plans it is said to have in view, it must transmit its power over great distances. The Niagara river will be one of its power centres. A realization of facts is probably at the root of the decision of the Ontario government to hold an investigation, and the ultimate design in doubtless to conserve for the people of the province the benefits of its great natural resources. It is estimated that several great power centres could be established from which energy could be radiated that would be of almost immeasurable benefit to the whole province, and which would insure the permanent dominance of the country as a manufacturing centre.

We venture to draw the attention of our provincial government to the intentions of the Ontario administration. The potential power of the water courses of British Columbia is quite beyond computation at the present time. This is one division of our resources that has not yet been diverted absolutely into the hands of far-seeing private parties or companies. Goldstream and Coughlin have passed, and the citizens of Victoria will probably be compelled to pay handsomely for that which should in the first instance have been theirs by natural right. Now is the time to protect the interests of the public in other sources of power. The matter cannot receive official consideration too soon. Expert opinion has not yet expressed itself openly, but the general impression is that much of the railway transportation business in the province will be done by electricity of hydraulic generation. Is there any reason why the public should not profit to a reasonable extent from the utilization of what must prove not the least important of the provincial resources?

SECRET WORKERS.

Ald. Fell argues that the Victoria city council is not the only legislative body in the world that conducts its business behind closed doors. There is the Dominion cabinet, which lets not the world know what transpires at its meetings. But the Dominion cabinet is not a legislative body. It is an executive body. Anything it does is subject to the will of Parliament. If the legislature endorses the work of the cabinet, such an expression of lack of confidence results in the resignation of the executive, and then the paramount authority is

publicly appealed to for judgment. So, notwithstanding the opinion of Ald. Fell, we still maintain that the action of the Victoria city council in conducting its business behind closed doors is with-out precedent, and precedent is a powerful element in the estimation of all great legal authorities.

Therefore, despite the sophistries of Ald. Fell, who seems to be the mouth-piece of the element in the Victoria city council which believes in keeping the people in ignorance of the schemes hatched for the benefit of the municipality, we still maintain that there has yet been advanced no sufficient reason for the continuation of the city's business in secret. We believe that it would have been vastly more tolerable for the citizens in the day of municipal judgment which must come, and which Ald. Fell says he will welcome, if the council had from the beginning of negotiations with the tramway company been quite frank with the people. A policy of absolute candor would have averted the suspicion that has been aroused in the public mind by the discovery of the secret agreement which it was averred with vehemence did not exist. Such a policy would undoubtedly have facilitated the undoubted desire of the city council to secure the much-to-be-desired improvement in the water supply. It is not too late yet to adopt reasonable tactics. Let recriminations cease. Let the education of the public, which is claimed to be the one thing needful to assure the acceptance of the arrangement between the British Columbia Electric Railway Company and the majority of the city's representatives, begin at once. If suspicion has been engendered, it is due to the manner in which the business has thus far been conducted.

CONDITIONS IN SOUTH AFRICA.

The Boers of South Africa have not yet become reconciled to the British voter. It was the dread of the consequence of extending the franchise to the "Uitlanders" that caused the late Oom Paul and his fellow-exclusives to declare war. Under the new dispensation the Boers have been given the right to a voice in the affairs of the colony. The franchise has been extended to all qualified British subjects, irrespective of lineage or color. But there is a hopeful feature connected with the attitude of the British Boers. They do not sulk in their tents and submit in sullen silence to what they regard as the temporary inevitability. They do not nurse their wrath and keep it warm in expectation of a favorable opportunity of giving vent to their resentment. When they have grievances they promptly make them public and demand redress. That feature of their conduct proves that they acquiesce with such grace as is possible in people of their disposition to the inevitable. A late report from the Transvaal says the Dutch in the Transvaal are protesting vigorously against the right of the soldiers of the British garrison to vote at the elections. A joint deputation of the Het Volk and of the responsible government association waited upon Lord Selborne and asked him to exclude soldiers from the polls. Gen. Smuts argued that they were present for a purely military purpose, were not taxpayers, and had no interest in parliamentary government. A Mr. Solomon asked whether the military could be regarded as the people of the colony? They were not citizens; they paid no taxes; they were not there of their own free will; their residence was only temporary and for a specific purpose. If they were allowed to vote, they ought, he declared, to have full privileges and be able to attend public meetings. He asked Lord Selborne to urge the home government to alter the constitution. Lord Selborne, in his reply, objected strongly to the term "bored foreigners" which had been applied to the soldiery. The word "bored," he said, "was meaningless, but he could not pass over the word 'foreigners.' He possessed some imagination himself and could understand that the Dutch might think that such was the position of the British in the country, but they could not expect him to agree with them. They must clearly understand that no white British subject was a foreigner in that colony. The executive could only carry out the constitution in the form in which it found it. He denied that the government had been guilty of shilly-shallying on the subject of the military vote, but promised to transmit the points made by the deputation to the home authorities.

The Colonist, for reasons which are not as clear as noonday, seems to rejoice at the success of the government candidate in Albert. On the 8th of April our contemporary expressed, as plainly as words could express anything, its opinion that the defeat of the McBride government would be in the interests of the province. Surely the Colonist does not believe that Mr. Manson will succeed in reforming the government.

Europe is watching the movements of His Majesty Emperor William with a jealous, possibly apprehensive, eye. The Kaiser is the ruler of the hour. He never permits interest in world affairs to subside. He has taken the crises in Scandinavia and in Muscovy into his special consideration. He has a king for Norway and a policy for Russia, not to speak of apprehension for Great Britain and France. But such are the fruits of serenity.

The Seattle Post-Intelligencer has the following to say upon a subject which is of special interest at the present crisis in our municipal affairs: Seattle has its own (fighting) plant, operated by water

power harnessed in the mountains, and which will furnish an unfailing source of energy at all seasons of the year at a nominal expense. With the cost of power reduced to this low minimum it is possible at very low cost to furnish street lights in abundance for all parts of the city. This, the lighting department proposes to do; and this it is now doing. This work will not be completed satisfactorily, however, until arc lights are installed at every street crossing, in the improved portions of the city; with incandescent lamps to supplement them. There should be no more dark corners in the city; no places where the footpad can be in wait, or the burglar ply his trade unseen. Every alley should be furnished with incandescent lamps, rendering it possible to see clearly from one end of it to the other.

THE SCHOOL BY LAW.

To the Editor:—Your correspondent, Mr. Maroon, would not, I feel sure, be deliberately unjust or deliberately false, or class prejudices. He says: "The deft hand of the Property Owners' Association showed itself when the hours of voting were so arranged as to cut off the workers' vote." Mr. Maroon, you are in error. The question of the hours for opening and closing the polls was considered in the municipal legislation committee of the House on the 27th February, and the question of uniformity of time for the closing of the polls was carefully discussed. Six was urged as the hour that should best meet the convenience of the majority of the so-called "workers." But Mr. Maroon's insinuation on seven, and so it went into section 12 of bill number 72, but this bill contained several other sections that would be equally unreasonable in the eyes of the majority of voters, and the bill was dropped. We are all "workers." Mr. Maroon, we have all equal rights and we must all submit to the will of the majority. The greatest good for the greatest number. The object of the Property Owners' Association during the late contest was simply to put the facts of the case clearly before those who had to foot the bills, that they might vote intelligently, either for or against, as to their individual judgment seemed best.

There was a school that in 1901-2 had an attendance of 338, but, by reason of the erection of the Lamson street school, this attendance had been reduced to about 224. For this number five classrooms should be ample, especially if so built in frame that they could be easily moved, as in the case of the school at the corner of the street. For this service \$12,000 is ample; but the trustees demanded double that amount. They would have built a school one-third of which would have been empty for the next ten years or more.

THE SECRET OF SUCCESS.



Tossed by the Bulls, and ripped by the Bears,
Harassed and worried by manifold cares,
With stocks on the whoop that he thought would go down,
And the up-stocks slumping, and all of the town
Roaring and slamming about his ears,
He grabbed his hat, and chased by his fears
That prodded him on with vicious punch,
He rushed away for his noon-time lunch.
He saw men lined at gilded bars,
But he knew that the Fiend of that Cup deals scars,
Smoothing the nerves for a time, perhaps,
But saving a knockout for maddened chaps.
But he knew of a cup that has truly cheered,
And around the corner he briskly steered,
And took it brimming, and spicy, and hot,
From the pretty girl of the coffee-pot.
And his soul was soothed, he forgot his cares,
And was ready again for the Bulls and Bears.
Then over the rim of his cup he gazed
At the pretty girl as the draught he praised.
"How do you make it, my pretty maid?"
"Use CHASE & SANBORN'S—that's all!" she said.

July 24th, 1905.
SILENT DRUMS IN FRANCE.
London Chronicle.
The French Minister of War proposes to abolish the drum. This was done by one of his predecessors a quarter of a century ago, but an incident at a theatre compelled him

to cancel the order. The curtain went up on one of those pieces of fun the French call "revues," and disclosed a scene described as the bowels of the earth. Enter several men in dark military cloaks, carrying mysterious packages, and generally comporting themselves like conspirators. The packages are opened, and there emerge—drums! The conspirators are drummers, who have descended into the bowels of the earth to enjoy a gentle tattoo on their beloved but forbidden instruments. When the drums broke into a joyous roll, as of captives released, there was a peal of laughter from the audience, and everybody knew the drum was saved. That is how they correct the war office in France. Perhaps M. Herbeaux will have better luck.

THE X-RAYS' LATEST.
Not content with revealing the skeleton in the human cupboard, says the London Pall Mall Gazette, the X-rays have now proceeded, in the hands of Prof. Rieder and Dr. Josepa Rosenthal, of Munich, to take artistic pictures of the lungs and heart. The patient held his breath while his lungs were photographed in less than a second, and afterward, though the patient could not stop the beating of his heart, the operators took their photograph of it so quickly, in one-tenth of a second, that they succeeded in catching it between the beats. The results, no doubt, will be of considerable scientific interest and importance, but in this respect at least the popularization of science should surely be kept within limits. Pictures of the inner man displayed for popular inspection may not be altogether to the good in an age when so many of us are addicted to physical introspection to a degree that is not beneficial either to our peace of mind or to our health. Behind all looms a terrible prospect of a time coming when the snapshot fiend will be able to turn on his X-rays kodak and display the hearts of favorite statesmen and actresses in the magazines.

WATERLOO'S ONLY SURVIVOR.
London Chronicle.
Last Saturday we announced that there was a survivor of Waterloo but a little while ago, John Vaughan is still alive, and he was a bigger boy in the great fight than saw him at Walsall railway station two months ago, writes a correspondent, "and had a conversation with him, in the course of which he told me he was born at Aldershot, 'March, 1801.' He can walk well enough still, but two wounds in the left leg make help necessary when it comes to getting into a railway carriage. He sells bootlaces, as we said, for the veteran finds he cannot live on his country's gratitude, which comes to seven shillings a week. Surely we might do a little better than that for John Vaughan!"

SOME TROUT FISHING.
Similkameen Star.
The following piscatorial tales have been received from Otter Flat, and no doubt will be perused with pleasure by Waltonians generally. "The fishing season has come in with such a bang and jolt that it has carried nearly all the followers of old Ike off their feet. A man named Joe Shookum, of Nicola valley, caught a trout in Manette lake that weighed 25 lbs. 5½ ozs. It took him 3½ hours to land the big fish, and in playing him for a 6 o'clock he kicked up such a sea on the lake that it upset a canoe containing two world famous characters, Warren Munchausen and Sir John Mandeville, who were circumnavigating the lake in search of adventure. They were rescued in a terribly waterlogged condition and

had to be rolled on a barrel when every thing but the truth was pumped out of them. Following close upon the heels of the fish of this big fish story came news from Otter lake that Jim Pollock, the famous guide, trapper and hunter, had succeeded in landing a trout weighing 13 lbs. 4 ozs. 2½ dwts. Jim is always exact in his figures, and is a man of truth and veracity. This promises to be a record-breaking year in the fishing business. Old anglers who have been accustomed to catch their largest fish in the social glass will have to look to their laurels, for there are giants in the field now."

SPEAKING OF CHOLLY.
Cleveland Leader.
Cholly's sitting on the beach.
What a lesson this doth teach!
For it cannot be amies
To call him an oasis;
There he sits, as Nature planned—
One fresh, green spot 'mid the sand!

Bernard Kertol, a 19-year-old Brooklyn boy, is attracting the attention of the critics and artists of France by his paintings in a terribly waterlogged condition and

Last Week
of the
July Sale

DAVID SPENCER,
Limited.

WESTERN CANADA'S BIG STORE

26th
Annual
Sale

A SALE OF MEN'S SHIRTS

WEDNESDAY AT 50 CENTS EACH

—IN THIS LOT ARE—

Silk Stripe Outing Shirts, collars attached, value 75c to \$1.00
Striped Cotton Shirts, without collars, regular \$1.00.
And another lot of Colored Starched Shirts, value \$1.00; all Wednesday, 50c each.

BOYS' SHIRTS, AT 35 CENTS EACH

Regular 50c to 75c Each

Soft and stiff fronts. The soft front shirts were 50c, the hard front shirts were 75c; Wednesday, 35c each.

15c for Boys' Striped Flannelette Shirts Regular 25c.	75c Each for Negligee Shirts Usual \$1.00.	50c Each for Boys' Striped Shirt Waists
\$1.00 Each for Men's Flannel Shirts Regular \$1.50.	40c Each for Balbriggan Underwear Value 50c.	Men's Lustre Coats Special \$1.65 Each.

WOMEN'S CORSET COVERS

35c for Corset Covers Value 50c.	50c for Corset Covers Value 65c and 75c.	90c for Corset Covers Value \$1.25 to \$1.50.
-------------------------------------	---	--

68 PIECES OF TABLE LINEN

Wednesday, 50c to \$2.50 Each. Lengths, 2, 2 1-2, 3 and 3 1-2 yards.

ONE DOLLAR LUSTRE FOR 50 CENTS

(Navy Only.) On Sale Wednesday.

BE ON TIME

This you can do if you have one of our watches. Punctuality is one great secret of success, and to be on time at the right time is another. If you have one of our guaranteed watches you will always have the right time.

C. E. REDFERN,
43 GOVERNMENT STREET.
Established 1892. Telephone 118.

Albion Iron Works Co.
Stove Works

Are now offering exceptional values in their old reliable lines of stoves and ranges. When in need of a range call in at their show room and get prices. All repair parts carried in stock.

Showrooms, 81 Douglas St.
Factory, Pembroke Street

RED JACKET
"So Easy to Fix"

FORCE AND LIFT PUMPS
For Descriptive Catalogue, apply to
THE HICKMAN TYE HARDWARE CO., LD.
32 and 34 Yates Street, Victoria, B. C.
P. O. DRAWER 613. TELEPHONE 56.

Special Reduction

We are now selling all of our

Colored Post Cards
At Two For 5 Cents

150 subjects to select from

T. N. Hibben & Co.

Making Things Hum at FIT-REFORM

A Large Number of Regular
- \$18.00 and \$20.00 Suits -

TO CLEAR THIS WEEK AT

\$12.00 Per Suit

See Window

FIT-REFORM

73 Government St., Victoria

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.
To soften water.—Put a little whiskey in it.
To economize coal.—Burn wood, or get a gas stove.
Stains on china may be removed by rubbing them off.
Gas globes should never be dropped on the floor; they are liable to get cracked.
To scale fresh herrings.—Put them on the opposite side to which you put the weights. After peeling applies put them into your mouth; this will prevent their becoming discolored.
To clean kid gloves.—Rub them well with benzoline, and hold them in front of the fire to dry; they will never want cleaning again.
To keep your pots and pans clean.—Don't use them, but visit your relations and friends (if any), which is studying economy and cleanliness at the same time.
Orange and lemon peel, especially the former, are good for flavoring. Sprinkle some on the pavement, and the flavor of the language of the rising generation will be decidedly rich.—Printer's Pie.

Bowes' Foot Powder

Gives relief. Makes hard roads easy.

250 TRY IT.

Cyrus H. Bowes, Chemist
98 Government St., Near Yates

FULL OF MERIT

A NEW DWELLING

Stanley Avenue.

Containing basement, large reception hall, parlor, dining room, kitchen, pantry, 3 bedrooms, bath, toilet, sewer and electric light.

CORNER LOT

Price and terms to suit purchaser.

P. R. Brown Co., Ltd

30 BROAD ST. P. O. BOX 428.
PHONE 1076.

A FEAT OF MEMORY.

The Imperial Limited was rushing eastward, the blistering heat of the day passing into midnight's cool: the Cattle King sat in the dining car surrounded by an admiring court; anecdotes of the old cowboy days had flashed around; he was feeling in good shape for a final drink for himself and comrades; he knew he could only call for the King of Wines, but, there's the rub. He knew the one he wanted but the name would not come. At last a bright idea struck him. Calling the waiter he gently whispered: "Bring three Magnums of the champagne PITHER & LEISER handle, the one King Edward drinks, and don't let on I forgot the name." "Certainly, sir," replied the waiter. "MUMMS" the word.

BEAUTIFUL HOME

We are offering a charming home near the city, in the East End, with an acre of beautiful garden, fruit trees, flowers, etc., stable; everything new and modern. It will pay you to call and get particulars, as this is going to be

SACRIFICED

GRANT & CONYERS

NO. 2 VIEW ST.
Opp. Main Entrance of Driard Hotel.

CITY NEWS IN BRIEF

Victoria Gardens

The Scenic Family Resort of the Island.
Fine Wines, Liquors and Cigars
Open air orchestra every Sunday afternoon.
Phone 332. E. M. EWING, Prop.

Take in a supply of "SLAB WOOD" before the weather gets in. To be had at Lemon, Gossamer & Co.'s mills. Telephone 77. Prompt delivery.

The oldest, strongest and best life insurance companies in the world are Mutual. The Mutual Life of Canada is the only Canadian company on the mutual plan. Its policyholders and they alone—own its entire assets, control its management and receive all its profits. Intending insurers would do well to call and see the profits this company has been paying to policyholders in British Columbia for the last 25 years. A. B. McNeill, special agent; R. L. Drury, manager, 34 Broad street, Victoria.

FOR SUMMER COMFORT

Keep the blood cool by using PERSIAN SWEET LIME JUICE. CITRATE OF MAGNESIA as your only summer beverage. To be had at special prices in gallon or half gallon quantities, at the

B. C. DRUG STORE

Tel. 354. 27 Johnson Street.
J. TEAGUE, Proprietor.

A new Atlas of the northwestern, western and middle western states with maps of the island possessions, Japan, China, United States and the world has just been issued by the Northern Pacific railway jointly with the Burlington route and the Great Northern railway. It treats of boundaries, history, population, statistics, school population, safe institutions, families, farms, manufactures, railway mileage, post offices, minerals and state governments of each commonly traversed by the railways mentioned. A mine of valuable information for \$1.00. A. M. Cleland, general passenger agent, Northern Pacific railway, St. Paul, Minn.

Lifebuoy Soap—disinfectant—is strongly recommended by the medical profession as a safeguard against infectious diseases.

Capt. C. J. Harris, of the tug Hope, received the sad message on arrival from his father in Whitehead, Nova Scotia. The late Mr. Harris was in his eightieth year of age. A widow and two sons are living, one of the latter, W. T. Harris, being a resident of Whitehead. His brother has been a resident of Victoria for many years.

TRAP STEAMERS FROM THE STRAITS

FIVE WERE IN PORT TWO WITH SALMON

All Came in Last Evening—Empress of India's Departure for the Orient.

There was a good-sized gathering of trap steamers in port last evening. The Kildonan came up from Findlay, Durham & Brodie's trap with 10,000 sock-eyes and 800 spring fish. The Le Roy was in with 5,000, of which 1,400 were spring salmon, from the Bell-Irving trap at Jordan river. The Phoenix arrived, but brought no salmon. She had a young hair seal aboard, the sportive antics of which afforded a great deal of amusement on the waterfront. Its mother was shot in one of the traps yesterday, but managed afterwards to make its escape. The baby seal, however, was captured and an effort will be made to secure it for Beacon Hill park. The Mystery was a fourth steamer in from down the straits. She had a party of trap officials aboard from the B. C. Packers' Association. Another steamer which had been down the straits on a similar mission and which called into the harbor last evening, was the Union. Aboard her were a number of the United Cannery representatives.

FOR FAR EAST.
Forty-five saloon, ten intermediate and a large number of steerage passengers together with a big freight made up the load of the R. M. S. Empress of India when departing for the Orient last night. The saloon passengers included K. M. J. Magnoli, Fred Dodwell, M. Oberst, F. W. Wilson, Lieut. H. F. Bell, R. N. Montgomery, E. G. Fraser, A. Fraser, A. Chas. G. Estrade, Leon Gomez, J. N. Castro, Geo. Gregg, W. C. Nason, H. Gordon and wife, C. P. Zeigler, F. N. Zeigler, R. Drummond, Dr. Fuller and son, E. P. Sulley and wife, F. N. Styn, Miss L. J. Graves, M. Hunt, J. D. Metcalf, W. P. Rotherford.

MR. FARRELL'S RESIGNATION.

According to the Seattle Post-Intelligencer J. D. Farrell, for the past two and one-half years president of the Great Northern Steamship Company, and assistant to President J. J. Hill, of the Great Northern railroad, has resigned, and his resignation has been accepted. The news of Mr. Farrell's retirement does not come as a surprise to his friends as rumors of his intended resignation have been common since early in the year.

Mr. Farrell began his career as a railroad man in 1877. He was at that time a laborer on the Chicago & Northwest. In 1879 he went to the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul. Later he was with the Southern Minnesota division of the same road.

In 1882 Mr. Farrell was a freight and passenger conductor on the Canadian Pacific line. Later he held a similar position on the Great Northern between Minot, N. D., and Helena, Mont. In 1898 he was made a division superintendent of the Chicago Great Western.

Mr. Farrell returned to the Great

Our Forced to Vacate Sale

At 35 Johnson Street will close on Thursday, the 27th inst. After that date we will be found at the

SHOE EMPORIUM

Corner Government and Johnson Streets where we will be pleased to meet our customers.

The Paterson Shoe Co., Limited.

Northern in 1892 as division superintendent. From 1893 to 1895 he was superintendent of construction for the same road at Spokane, and later general superintendent for the Western division of the road.

For three years he was out of the railroad business. In 1898 he was made president of the Pacific Coast Steamship Company, which position he held until his appointment as president of the Great Northern Steamship Company. His resignation is not yet officially announced.

BROUGHT STONE.

The Hope returned from Nelson Island last night with a scow of stone consigned to Stewart and McPhillips. The steamer will next proceed from here to Port San Juan for a boom of logs for Anacortes. Captain Harris of the Hope reports that the quarry near Nelson Island is turning out a big lot of stone. In addition to that being shipped to Victoria a large quantity goes to Vancouver and other cities.

MARINE NOTES.

Sailing for the Orient yesterday on what is her initial trip across the Pacific the big Hill liner Dakota carried 40 passengers.

Steamer Whetstone, which made a special run yesterday because of the heavy travel between Victoria and Seattle, had 85 passengers on arrival here.

Steamers Venture and Princess Beatrice got away for northern British Columbia points last evening, both with good freights.

Steamer Joan, which is operated on the Nanaimo and Vancouver route, was based on the Esquimalt marine railway Sunday for a cleaning and painting. She returned to her run this morning.

Steamer Queen City, it is expected, will reach Clayoquot to-day. She will have news of it thought of the result of the recent election at the north end of the Island.

Steamer Clipperton, Nanaimo, which now leaves the C. P. R. wharf, left this morning with considerable freight for Comox and intermediate ports.

Four Japanese who arrived on the steamer Iyo Maru on Saturday night are being detained by the immigration officials of Seattle on the suspicion that they have trachoma.

Steamer Tartar will be due from the Orient on Saturday.

—Victoria Hive, No. 1, Ladies of the Macabees, will hold its regular review this evening in A. O. U. W. hall at 8 o'clock sharp. All officers and members are requested to be present.

—An absentee from the Work Point barracks, who has still to report at headquarters, had a narrow escape from drowning in the tide rip off Foul Bay yesterday afternoon. Towards evening he was noticed by campers to be struggling against the currents in a dangerous place apparently making no headway. The two Walker boys, who are living at the bay, went quickly to the rescue, and with their assistance the man made shore. His clothing was drenched with salt water, and he was almost exhausted. He had been out, he said, since one in the afternoon, and it was eight when he was rescued. Taken to the house of Thomas Walker the soldier was given dry clothing and refreshments. He left there to return to Work Point, but inquiry at the latter place shortly before noon today elicited the information that he was still an absentee.

—What is claimed to be one of the biggest wireless telegraph stations on the continent is in course of construction at San Francisco. When it has been completed it is expected that Victoria will have direct wireless communication with points in California. The local service extends now as far as Seattle, but in course of four or five months it will be possible, according to present expectations, to send messages to Honolulu. In connection with the new station at San Francisco two monster towers in place of a single pole are being erected on a high promontory of the immediate coast. The towers are 300 feet in height and 100 feet apart. Between them and suspended from a top wire of extra heavy dimensions are almost innumerable wires of smaller size, arranged in the shape of a fan with the tip downward. These wires join about 400 feet from the ground and the messages sent or received are transmitted to the station office immediately below and between the towers by a single heavy wire.

NO CREDIT



No Goods Exchanged Or On Approval

WINDING-UP BUSINESS

STRONG SPECIALS FOR WEDNESDAY

9 a. m.—Children's Gowns

In one of our Port street windows we are showing a special lot of Children's Fine White Muslin Gowns, richly trimmed. Regular values up to \$1.00. ON SALE WEDNESDAY. 50c

2 p. m.—Shawl Sale

Another special lot of Cream Honey-comb Shawls, with fringe, and Colored Fascinators, which sell in the regular way up to \$1.25 each. ON SALE WEDNESDAY. 35c

11 a. m.—Sale of Laces and Chiffon

Silk Chiffon, in all the principal colorings, and Fancy Laces and Trimmings, will be grouped together and exhibited in our Government street window. Regular values up to \$1.00 a yard. ON SALE WEDNESDAY.

25c

10 a. m.—Red Flannel

You'll save a clear dollar on every five yards you buy of this Flannel, which is as good as earning \$10.00 for it is acknowledged that 10 per cent. is saved on money earned. This Flannel is worth up to 50c a yard. WEDNESDAY. 30c

3 p. m.—Dress Goods Sale

You'll save a clear dollar on every five yards you buy of this Flannel, which is as good as earning \$10.00 for it is acknowledged that 10 per cent. is saved on money earned. This Flannel is worth up to 50c a yard. WEDNESDAY. 30c

The Hutcheson Co., Ltd. July 25 1905 Victoria, B. C.

Bicycle Sale

We have a large number of second-hand bicycles taken as part payment on our expensive English wheels, some of them are almost as good as new, while others are more worn. We are fitting them up and putting them in first-class order, all ready to ride and give good service. Not one will be turned out until we are satisfied that it is in perfect condition. They will be ready for sale by Wednesday, July 26th, when some great bargains will be offered in adults' and children's sizes.

THOS. PLIMLEY, Central Cycle Depot
Opposite Post Office

J. M. NAGANO & CO.

61 Douglas Street, Balmoral Block

Just opened up, a large stock of Japanese goods, screens, wood work, art embroidered table covers, silk in all colors for sale by yard or piece. Endless variety of all kinds of fancy silk goods and cotton crepe; also new lines of war toys.

Every color and description of paper napkins, also Japanese safety matches.

PUBLIC INSPECTION INVITED

AN OFFER TO PIANO BUYERS

\$10 Down and \$2 Per Week

Will buy a beautiful high-grade

MENDELSSOHN

PIANO

PRICE \$275.00.

Inspection invited.

FLETCHER BROS.

93 GOVERNMENT ST.



Piano for you to buy is the HEINTZMAN & CO., for which we have been sole agents for over 25 years.

M. W. Waitt & Co., Ltd.

LESS COOKING

Means

Greater Comfort and Economy

BRACKMAN-KER'S NAMELESS (AT PRESENT) FOOD

— is —

Cooked Ready to Eat

The Difference in Cost

between a good and a poor baking powder would not amount for a family's supply to one dollar a year. The poor powder would cause doctors' bills many times this.

Dr. PRICE'S

cream

Baking Powder

is the most economical in the end, because it goes further in leavening and insures perfect, wholesome food.

When ordering of the grocer always call for Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder by name for good health and good food. It makes the finest cake, puddings, flapjacks, biscuits and bread.

NOTE.—There are many imitation baking powders which are sold from five cents to twenty-five cents a pound. They should be carefully avoided as they are made from alum and are unhealthy.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., CHICAGO.

To Homeseekers!

I am now offering at reasonable prices and to suit purchasers some of the finest sites in Victoria suitable for residential purposes; also acreage, good rich soil, ideal for fruit growing. For further particulars apply to

JAS. A. DOUGLAS

Real Estate Office,
20 BASTION ST.

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS

GENUINE

HALF PRICE SALE

Every article in the store will be sold POSITIVELY AT HALF THE REGULAR MARKED PRICE until the entire stock is cleared off.

Stevens & Jenkins

84 DOUGLAS ST.

BI-AMMONIA

WASHING POWDER

1 Pound Packages.....10 Cents
3 Pound Packages.....25 Cents

Mowat's Grocery, 77 Yates St.

LOCAL PLAYERS IN PORTLAND TOURNAMENT

CAPTURED NUMBER OF HANDSOME TROPHIES

In International and Lewis & Clark Lawn Tennis Series—Schwengers—Recounts Experiences.

After very successfully engaging in the international and Lewis & Clark lawn tennis tournaments, which were in progress all last week at Portland, Ore., B. P. Schwengers, J. A. Macrae (J. B. A. A.), and D. Hunter (Victoria club) returned yesterday. They brought back with them six cups, all splendid specimens of the silver-smith's art, and every one representing some honor for which the finest players in the Western States competed. Of these Schwengers holds three, Macrae three, and Hunter one, so that, although the Victorians failed in one of their principal objects—the capture of the international single-championship—they secured almost everything else possible. Members of the James Bay Athletic Association and of the Victoria club should feel proud of the splendid achievements of the locals, when pitted against some of the finest Canadian and American experts.

There seems to be a prevailing understanding that the Portland tournaments were not entered by any really noted players, and that, therefore, the performances of Macrae, Schwengers, Macrae and Hunter were not anything out of the ordinary. In order to dispel such an impression it might be pointed out that among others the locals met Gorham and Herdman, of Los Angeles; McQuire, Pettanina; Walker and McBurney, of Spokane; Paschall and Remington, of Olympia; Armstrong and Benham, of Tacoma; Goss and McPhail, of Portland; Busch, champion of Montana; and Farquhar and Beecher, of Vancouver. In spite of the formidable array of first-class players against them, the Victorians had little or no difficulty in winning their way up to the semi-finals in both the international singles and doubles. Simply they did excellent work, and their style was much admired by the American critics. Schwengers's whirlwind serve, his hard accurate driving, fast net play, and his endurance won him popularity among the enthusiasts participating. Macrae also won many encomiums through his fast all-round work in the single tournament. He, however, didn't try hard to carry off the championship. Schwengers was acknowledged to be the more practiced and the former gracefully retired in his favor after reaching a certain stage.

Of course everybody has heard of the defeat of the J. B. A. A. champion in the finals of the international by McBurney, of Spokane. Yesterday a Times representative in conversation with Mr. Schwengers asked how the American happened to turn the tables after his uninterrupted series of victories. The stalwart Victorian displayed true sportsmanlike spirit when he replied to the effect that McBurney undoubtedly was the better man. And then he commenced to praise the work of the Spokane player, laying special emphasis on his ability to place the ball in the court and accurately. "As you probably know," he said, "in such a single it is a fight for the net from the start to the finish. The one who captures that position commands the court and practically has his opponent at his mercy. The player serving is generally able to run forward before the ball is returned. It was this way with us, and every set was close because we repeatedly won on our own serve. The victory went to McBurney simply because he succeeded in breaking into my serve while I found it almost impossible to retaliate." The score in the match between Schwengers and McBurney, 6-4, 5-7, 6-4, 6-4, shows the force of Schwengers's explanation.

Continuing, the Victorian stated that McBurney played much after the style of the redoubtable Freeman, being possessed of a long reach, great agility, and an unerring drive. He never failed to kill a ball that came at all high, while his ordinary strokes were hard and prettily placed. "I found it very difficult to pass him," Schwengers went on, "every time I took being met by one just a little bit better. There was no evading the point. McBurney was the faster player, as I don't believe I ever played in better form than in my match against him. Next year, however, there will probably be another opportunity of meeting the champion and possibly another few months' experience will turn the scale in my favor."

Although both J. B. A. A. representatives did well individually, it was their performance as a double that is especially notable. They captured the international championship without much difficulty from Walker and McBurney. Their team work, according to McBurney himself, was much superior to that of any of their opponents. This shows the result of constant practice, Schwengers and Macrae having been playing together for months. They understand each other's play, and as both are equally good at the net and at the back of the court, their work was too much for any of the other competitors.

While away the Victorians had a very pleasant time, and cannot speak too highly of the courtesy of members of the M. A. C. They were entertained in various ways, but were unable to accept many of the invitations kindly tendered them owing to the necessity of keeping in form for the matches, one or more of which were played every day. Mr. Schwengers referred specially to the high opinion American players of the Western States have of Victoria tennis players. "They evidently think this city is a perfect hot-bed of tennis," he said. As an illustration of this he told of a conversation overheard in the club rooms at Portland. "Who are you scheduled to play this morning, Willie?" someone queried from an adjoining shower bath apartment. "A chap named Beecher from Vancouver or Victoria," was the reply. "Is that so? Well, if he's from Victoria you may rely upon him being a good player." This, Mr. Schwengers said, was the attitude of mind of the older players of the class of tennis played by members of the J. B. A. A. and Victoria clubs. "And really," he added, "the local players put up a much higher article of tennis than do the members of the majority of Pacific Coast clubs."

An effort will be made by B. Schwengers and J. Macrae to persuade a number of the best of those who competed at Portland to come to Victoria in order to participate in the Victoria and J. B. A. A. open tournaments.

SERIES OPENS TOMORROW.
Referring to the annual open tournament of the Seattle club, which commences tomorrow, the P. L. says:

"Local tennis experts are daily putting in many hours of hard practice and are all gradually rounding into splendid form for the annual tournament which will take place Wednesday. Drawings for the event will be conducted tomorrow, and the matches arranged Tuesday evening. All of the best players in the city are entered, and as no one doubts head and shoulders above another the results in all the matches are more or less problematical. New champions are always springing up, and as in all other sports, those who have held high honors for years must sometimes give place to rising stars. Sam Russell's many admirers expect the many-time champion to again defeat all comers, but realize, with Russell, that he will have many a hard set to win before he emerges victorious."

"Joe Tyler, whom many of the followers of the game have been picking as the man to beat Russell, is in very bad shape at present, although he may round to form before forced to wield the racquet in competition. He has a bad wrist and foot which are bothering him considerably. F. C. Newton is another of the old timers who is very liable to carry off the championship honors. His steady back court play and cool head make him a hard man to beat. In the doubles there are a number of strong teams, Tyler and Russell forming perhaps the strongest. Miss Hardy, Miss Paschall and Miss Rollins have all been playing spectacular tennis recently, and the championship in ladies' singles is generally thought to lie between these three, although there are a number of other strong players, any one of whom may carry off the honor."

ANNUAL TOURNAMENT.
On Monday, the 31st inst., the eighteenth annual tournament of the Victoria Lawn Tennis Club will open at the Belcher street courts and continue throughout the week. Secretary Rithet has received a large number of entries, including not only local experts, but some of the best players of Vancouver and the Sound cities. All preparations are being made and the courts will be put in first-class condition for the occasion. They were closed to-day in order that the caretaker may have time to repair them before the first matches. As the Seattle open tournament precedes that of the home club, it is expected that those who gather in that city will forward entries here in order that they may participate in the Victoria games. Applications for admission, accompanied by the usual fee of \$1 for singles and \$2 for doubles, will be received up to 6 o'clock on Friday evening. On the same night the drawing for games will be held at a meeting of the Victoria club. It is expected that the competitors for the ladies' and gentlemen's single championships will be keener and closer than has been the case for some seasons.

THE OAR.
THE FINAL RACE.
Last evening the final J. B. A. A. four-oared lapstreak race took place over the course from Coffin Island to the J. B. A. A. club house. It was about 6.30 o'clock when the crews started. Messrs. Simpson and Grey respectively took their places at the starting line. The former had the outside course, and fairly good time was made until the "four" struck some driftwood. After extricating themselves from this, Simpson's crew managed to distance the opposing four by over a length and crossed the line with quite a lead. The personnel of the crews follows: Simpson, stroke; Bayliss, Bayliss, 16; King, 12; Clarke, 12; Bayliss, 12; Simpson, 12; Hancock, 10; Lang, 8; J. Simpson, 8; Wales, 4; Watson, 4; Jenkins, 4; Brown, 4; Smith, 2; Nixon, 2; Suchland, 2; Batchelor, 2; Morley, 2; Grey, 2; McKirrick, 2.

LACROSSE.
GAME ON SATURDAY.
The Victoria team is scheduled to meet the Seattle twelve on Saturday on the latter's grounds. Members are training fully and are confident of victory. The twelve will be much the same as that which defeated the Americans several weeks ago, except that the home department will be strengthened to some extent. It is now a struggle between Victoria and Vancouver in the race for second place in the British Columbia series in order to attain that position the locals must defeat the American team.

BASEBALL.
THE LEAGUE STANDING.
Following is the standing of the Northwestern League:
Winnipeg.....4.....1000
Vancouver.....2.....900
Bellingham.....2.....800
Spokane.....0.....3.....000

ATHLETICS.
RELAY RACE.
Arrangements have been made for the relay race between the bachelors and benedicts of the J. B. A. A. to take place on the 30th inst. at Oak Bay. The competition will start at 10.30 o'clock. Winners of the last relay race may obtain the jackets won by them at their last meet by calling upon R. Hobbs at Terry & Martell's.

A CHALLENGE.
A challenge has been received by E. Carroll, the well known sprinter, from Cassalari, of Dungeness, for a match race of 100 yards. It is understood that Carroll will accept the challenge, and the competition will take place here in the near future.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.
THE PORTLAND TRIP.
A meeting of the Victoria club was held last evening at the Y. M. C. A. rooms, when the best means of raising funds for the proposed trip to the Portland exposition were discussed. It was decided to arrange an excursion to Port Angeles on the 10th of August and a baseball match between the city's team and a Victoria side. This, it was thought, would attract a large crowd and thus contribute largely towards the fund necessary before the football team can visit the exposition. There were many other suggestions, but the one outlined will be carried through first, and, if successful as anticipated, it may not be necessary to resort to other means of raising money. Matters of minor importance were debated before the adjournment.

TYPHOID UNNECESSARY EVIL.
So Says Hopkins Adams, Blaming Civic Indifference.

Samuel Hopkins Adams says in McClure's that typhoid is an unnecessary evil, civic indifference being largely responsible. Mr. Adams has this to say of what may be done by every citizen: "As a matter of individual warning there is little to say. Find out where your water comes from, and, unless the community guards the general health by furnishing a pure drinking supply, guard your own by boiling the water. Don't allow open vaults or sewage accessible to flies to exist near where you live. There's a board of health in your town; if it is worthless, there's a law against nuisances that isn't. Go to your doctor promptly, 'on suspicion.' If you have any reason to suppose that you have contracted the disease. It is no ailment to parley with. If you know of a case that the attending physician has reported privately, but not to the health department, report it yourself. He won't like that, but it will be good for him. You pay taxes to get good water and to have the laws enforced; one of the best preventives against typhoid is the pernicious municipal activity which sees that it gets what it pays for. After all, the question as to whether your city chooses to have typhoid fever at great expense, like Cleveland and Chicago, or to avoid it at less expense, like Lorain and Lawrence, is largely a matter of intelligent working citizenship."

AUSTRALIAN PATENT LAW.
Australia has now a federal patent law, and applications for patents hereafter will have to be filed and dealt with at the federal patent office, Rialto building, Melbourne. The law is to a great extent based on the existing British system, with the notable addition that the official staff, before issuing a patent, must make an examination to ascertain whether the invention described has been previously patented or a patent applied for in any of the states composing the federation. Patents will be granted for fourteen years, and will be subject mainly to the usual conditions of British and Australian patents, with the exception that if one claim is found by a court to be invalid it shall not affect the validity of any other claim or of the patent so far as it relates to any valid claim.

TESTIMONY ON FINGER TIPS.
After two days of patient hearing the trial of the two brothers Stratton, who were accused of the atrocious and cold-blooded murder of an aged tradesman and his wife, ended with the inevitable verdict of guilty.

There could be no possible doubt as to the guilt of the two accused men. Such is the value of the system of identification by finger prints that the Strattons might without any risk of a miscarriage of justice have been hanged on the evidence of the finger print left by the thumb of Alfred Stratton. But as it happened the evidence of the finger was corroborated by a confession of the younger brother—London Daily Mail.

PLEADED BAD EYESIGHT.
"He used to go as far as the mill gates and then turn back and go to bed again," said a young Rochdale woman of her husband, from whom she obtained a separation order. Defendant said he had bad eyesight. This she denied, adding: "If he can see to time pigeons he can see to work."

PRACTICE YESTERDAY.
A well attended practice of the Central intermediate lacrosse club was held last evening in preparation for the match scheduled to be played on Thursday evening with the Stars at Oak Bay. There were quite a number of seniors present enabling two sides to be chosen, and a profitable scrapping game indulged in. The forthcoming intermediate contest is expected to prove one of the finest exhibitions of the season.

TO TOUR THE WEST.
An Ottawa dispatch announces that the Capital lacrosse team, of that city, will make an extended Western trip immediately after the National Amateur Lacrosse Union series of games.

Arrangements have been completed with R. Jardine, who is acting for the New Westminster, B. C., exhibition people, and the team will probably leave for Seattle, Vancouver and Seattle, in the far West, and St. Paul and Winnipeg on the return trip. The trip will cover about a month.

BASEBALL.
THE LEAGUE STANDING.
Following is the standing of the Northwestern League:

Winnipeg.....4.....1000
Vancouver.....2.....900
Bellingham.....2.....800
Spokane.....0.....3.....000

ATHLETICS.
RELAY RACE.
Arrangements have been made for the relay race between the bachelors and benedicts of the J. B. A. A. to take place on the 30th inst. at Oak Bay. The competition will start at 10.30 o'clock. Winners of the last relay race may obtain the jackets won by them at their last meet by calling upon R. Hobbs at Terry & Martell's.

A CHALLENGE.
A challenge has been received by E. Carroll, the well known sprinter, from Cassalari, of Dungeness, for a match race of 100 yards. It is understood that Carroll will accept the challenge, and the competition will take place here in the near future.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.
THE PORTLAND TRIP.
A meeting of the Victoria club was held last evening at the Y. M. C. A. rooms, when the best means of raising funds for the proposed trip to the Portland exposition were discussed. It was decided to arrange an excursion to Port Angeles on the 10th of August and a baseball match between the city's team and a Victoria side. This, it was thought, would attract a large crowd and thus contribute largely towards the fund necessary before the football team can visit the exposition. There were many other suggestions, but the one outlined will be carried through first, and, if successful as anticipated, it may not be necessary to resort to other means of raising money. Matters of minor importance were debated before the adjournment.

TYPHOID UNNECESSARY EVIL.
So Says Hopkins Adams, Blaming Civic Indifference.

Samuel Hopkins Adams says in McClure's that typhoid is an unnecessary evil, civic indifference being largely responsible. Mr. Adams has this to say of what may be done by every citizen: "As a matter of individual warning there is little to say. Find out where your water comes from, and, unless the community guards the general health by furnishing a pure drinking supply, guard your own by boiling the water. Don't allow open vaults or sewage accessible to flies to exist near where you live. There's a board of health in your town; if it is worthless, there's a law against nuisances that isn't. Go to your doctor promptly, 'on suspicion.' If you have any reason to suppose that you have contracted the disease. It is no ailment to parley with. If you know of a case that the attending physician has reported privately, but not to the health department, report it yourself. He won't like that, but it will be good for him. You pay taxes to get good water and to have the laws enforced; one of the best preventives against typhoid is the pernicious municipal activity which sees that it gets what it pays for. After all, the question as to whether your city chooses to have typhoid fever at great expense, like Cleveland and Chicago, or to avoid it at less expense, like Lorain and Lawrence, is largely a matter of intelligent working citizenship."

AUSTRALIAN PATENT LAW.
Australia has now a federal patent law, and applications for patents hereafter will have to be filed and dealt with at the federal patent office, Rialto building, Melbourne. The law is to a great extent based on the existing British system, with the notable addition that the official staff, before issuing a patent, must make an examination to ascertain whether the invention described has been previously patented or a patent applied for in any of the states composing the federation. Patents will be granted for fourteen years, and will be subject mainly to the usual conditions of British and Australian patents, with the exception that if one claim is found by a court to be invalid it shall not affect the validity of any other claim or of the patent so far as it relates to any valid claim.

TESTIMONY ON FINGER TIPS.
After two days of patient hearing the trial of the two brothers Stratton, who were accused of the atrocious and cold-blooded murder of an aged tradesman and his wife, ended with the inevitable verdict of guilty.

There could be no possible doubt as to the guilt of the two accused men. Such is the value of the system of identification by finger prints that the Strattons might without any risk of a miscarriage of justice have been hanged on the evidence of the finger print left by the thumb of Alfred Stratton. But as it happened the evidence of the finger was corroborated by a confession of the younger brother—London Daily Mail.

PLEADED BAD EYESIGHT.
"He used to go as far as the mill gates and then turn back and go to bed again," said a young Rochdale woman of her husband, from whom she obtained a separation order. Defendant said he had bad eyesight. This she denied, adding: "If he can see to time pigeons he can see to work."

Sunshine Furnace

The best that has been. You do not have to be a Minister of Labor to this furnace.

McClary's
London, Toronto, Montreal, Winnipeg, Vancouver, St. John, N.B.

Nicholles & Renouf, Ltd.
—Importers and Dealers in—

Builders' Hardware

Steel, Bar Iron, Agricultural Implements, Etc.
TEL. 82. P. O. DRAWER 563.

Corner Broad and Yates Streets

SACRED VULTURE SHOT.
A specimen of the very rare "Pondicherry," or "sacred vulture," of India and Africa, was shot recently in South Africa. Its measurements were: From tip of tip of wings, 106 inches; from back to tip of tail, 42 inches. The "sacred vulture," which grows to an immense size, has its head bare, neck covered with folds of skin of a pinkish hue, and tremendously powerful beak and claws. It is described as very self-assertive, driving off all other birds from their prey. It builds enormous nests of sticks and leaves, and lays only one egg at a season.

THE HUB
For good, imported, domestic and local cigars and tobacco, also headquarters for all Athletic Sports.
COR. GOV. AND TROUNCE AVE.
"PHONE 12."
Dug. Munro and Billie West
PROPRIETORS.

CHINESE-JEWISH COLONY.
There is said to be a Chinese-Jewish colony in the Yang-tze-King valley in China. This colony has existed since 200 years before the Christian era. Its people have a synagogue in which they attend worship, extract the sinews from fresh before eating it; erect tablets to Moses and Abraham, and are called by some "blue-capped Mohammedans," because of their blue head-dress. Otherwise they are little different from other Chinese citizens, hold high offices in the land at times, and because of Chinese tolerant principles have never been persecuted or oppressed.

COAL
J. Kingham & Co.
34 BROAD ST. PHONE 647.
LUMP OR SACK.....\$8.50 per ton
NUT COAL.....\$9.00 per ton
PEA.....\$9.50 per ton
Delivered to any part within the city limits.
Agency for the New York Underwriters' Fire Insurance Co., Agents, Jan. 1st, 1904, \$14,542,961.78.

Three & Four Year Courses
In Mining, Chemical, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, Mineralogy and Geology, Biology and Public Health. Write for calendar to The Secretary, School of Mining, Kingston, Ont.

Ladies' Tailoring Parlors
ROOM 3, MOODY BLOCK.
SPRINKLING & CO.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
Room 3, Moody Block, Up-Stairs,
704 YATES STREET.

LOBELIA ASTERS STOCKS
One Dozen Each for 50c.
JOHNSTON'S SEED STORE
CITY MARKET.

Now Ready for Business
Standard Laundry
85 VIEW STREET.
PHONE 1017 and we will send for your washing. Experienced workmen; all work guaranteed and delivered to any part of the city.
G. ANDERSON, Mgr.

Carriage Maker, Blacksmith, Etc.
BROAD ST., BETWEEN PANDORA AND JOHNSON.

Corporation of The City of Victoria
Notice is hereby given that on 28th day of July, 1905, at the City Pound, situate on Chambers street, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon, I shall sell by public auction the following animal, viz: One small red cow, with chain and bell, unless the said animal is redeemed and the pound charges paid at or before the time of sale.
W. H. CHART,
Pound Keeper.

For Sale by—L. Goodacre & Sons
D. M. Ross & Co., Fred Carne,
B.C. Market Co., Fell & Co., and
West End Grocery.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Suburban Train Service

TAKING EFFECT TUESDAY, JUNE 20th, 1905.

Between Victoria, Shawnigan Lake and Intermediate Stations.

Leave Victoria	Arrive Shawnigan Lake	Leave Shawnigan Lake	Arrive Victoria
9.00 a.m., 2.00 p.m., 4.00 p.m.	10.42 a.m., 3.30 p.m.	10.42 a.m., 3.30 p.m.	9.00 a.m., 2.00 p.m., 4.00 p.m.
9.00 a.m., 6.10 p.m.	10.42 a.m., 3.30 p.m.	10.42 a.m., 3.30 p.m.	9.00 a.m., 6.10 p.m.
9.00 a.m., 9.00 a.m., 6.10 p.m.	10.42 a.m., 3.30 p.m.	10.42 a.m., 3.30 p.m.	9.00 a.m., 9.00 a.m., 6.10 p.m.
9.00 a.m., 9.00 a.m., 6.10 p.m.	10.42 a.m., 3.30 p.m.	10.42 a.m., 3.30 p.m.	9.00 a.m., 9.00 a.m., 6.10 p.m.
9.00 a.m., 9.00 a.m., 6.10 p.m.	10.42 a.m., 3.30 p.m.	10.42 a.m., 3.30 p.m.	9.00 a.m., 9.00 a.m., 6.10 p.m.
9.00 a.m., 9.00 a.m., 6.10 p.m.	10.42 a.m., 3.30 p.m.	10.42 a.m., 3.30 p.m.	9.00 a.m., 9.00 a.m., 6.10 p.m.

FARE FROM VICTORIA TO SHAWNIGAN LAKE and return, one dollar. Test trip family tickets, \$2.50 each. For Sundays only, fifty cents return.

FARE FROM VICTORIA TO GOLDSTREAM and return, fifty cents. Test trip family tickets, \$1.75 each. For Sundays only, thirty-five cents return.

W. H. CHART, District Freight and Passenger Agent.

THE COMFORTABLE WAY. EVERYTHING THAT'S GOOD IN TRAVEL IS YOURS IF YOU USE THE

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

2-Trains Daily-2
Passengers can leave Victoria daily at 6.45 p.m. or 9 p.m., where close connections are made to all points East. "FAMOUS FLYER" Leaves Seattle, 8 a.m. "FAST MAIL" Leaves Seattle, 8 a.m. 2 NIGHTS TO ST. PAUL. 3 NIGHTS TO CHICAGO. 4 NIGHTS TO NEW YORK. SHORTEST ROUTE TO ALL KOOTENAY POINTS. ACROSS THE MOUNTAINS IN DAY-LIGHT.

For full information call on or address S. G. YERKES, E. R. STEPHEN, A. G. P. J., 75 Government St., Seattle, Wash. Victoria, B.C.

NORTHERN PACIFIC

TICKET OFFICE.
For Government and Yates Streets, VICTORIA, B.C.

3-TRANSCONTINENTAL-3
-TRAINS DAILY-
One of which is the "Famous North Coast Limited." Ride on it once, ride on it always. Up-to-date Pullman and Tourist Sleepers on all trains. Through tickets issued to all points East and South, also Pullman tickets issued and berths reserved. Steamship tickets on sale to all European ports. Cabin accommodation reserved by wire. Cheap round trip tickets on sale during May, June, July and August. For further information call at the office, or phone No. 456.

A. D. CHARLTON, C. E. LANG, A.G.P.A., N.P., General Agent, Portland, Ore. Victoria, B.C.

SS. Princess Victoria
Leaves Victoria for Vancouver daily, except Thursday, at 7.30 a.m. Leaves Victoria for Seattle daily, except Wednesday, at 6.45 p.m. S. S. "Charm" leaves Victoria for Vancouver daily, except Thursdays, at 1 p.m. On Thursdays at 1 a.m.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
EXCELLENT Train Service BETWEEN CHICAGO, LONDON, HAMILTON, TORONTO, MONTREAL, QUEBEC, PORTLAND, BOSTON, AND THE PRINCIPAL BUSINESS CENTERS OF Ontario, Quebec, and the Maritime Provinces. ALSO TO BUFFALO, NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA, VIA NIAGARA FALLS. For Time Tables, etc., address GEO. W. VAUGHAN, Asst. Gen'l Passenger and Ticket Agent, 100 Adelaide St. W., Toronto, Ont.

Steamers of This Company Leave FOR San Francisco.
FROM VICTORIA, 7.30 P.M.
City of Puebla, Aug. 1, 16.
Umatilla, July 22, Aug. 6, 21.
Queen, July 27, Aug. 11, 26.
Steamer leaves every fifth day thereafter. Excursions around the Sound every five days. Alaska excursions, S. S. Spokane, Aug. 3, 17. City of Seattle, Aug. 4.

For South Eastern Alaska
LEAVE VICTORIA, 4 A.M.
S. S. Cottage City, July 30, Aug. 11.
LEAVE SEATTLE, 9 P.M.
S. S. Cottage City, Humboldt and City of Seattle, July 23, 29, 31, Aug. 4, 9, 12.
Steamers connect at San Francisco with Company's steamers for ports in California, Mexico and Humboldt Bay. For further information obtain folder. Right is reserved to change steamers or sailing dates. TICKET OFFICES: VICTORIA, 90 Government and 61 Wharf Sts. SAN FRANCISCO, 4 New Montgomery St. C. D. DUNNAN, Gen. Passenger Agent, 10 Market St., San Francisco.

Atlantic Steamship Agency
Allan, American, Anchor, Atlantic Transport, Canadian Pacific, Cunard, Dominion, French, Hamburg-American, North German Lloyd, Red Star, White Star. For full information apply to GEO. L. COURTNEY, 86 GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

Oceanic S.S. Co.
S. S. ALAMEDA, sails for Honolulu, Saturday, July 29, 11 a.m. S. S. MARIPOSA, for Tahiti, Aug. 6. S. S. SONOMA, for Auckland, Sydney, 2 p.m. Thursday, Aug. 10. A.D. STEWART & SONS, Ltd., 1001 Third Ave., New York City. FRANKLIN ST. 227 West 5th St., Port 7, Pacific R. P. RITHET & CO., LTD., Victoria.

The Traveling Public
Is quick to recognize and patronize the line offering the best value for their money. The "BEST OF EVERYTHING" is to be found on

THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE

and at rates as low as can be had on inferior lines. Eight fast trains daily between St. Paul and Chicago, making close connections with all Pacific Coast trains in Union Depot, for all eastern and southern points.

For all information regarding rates, reservations, etc., call or write F. W. PARKER, General Agent, 720 Second Avenue Seattle

No. 1 and 2 are sold in all Victoria drug stores.

Look's Cotton Root Compound. Ladies' Favorite. Is the only safe, reliable, and effective remedy for all cases of leucorrhoea, which women can depend on in the hour and time of need. Prepared in two degrees of strength. No. 1 and No. 2. No. 1—For ordinary cases is by far the best dollar medicine known. No. 2—For special cases—10 degrees stronger—three dollars per box. Ladies! Ask your druggist for Look's Cotton Root Compound. Take no other as all pills, mixtures and imitations are dangerous. No. 1 and No. 2 are sold and recommended by all druggists in the Dominion of Canada. Mailed to any address on receipt of price and four-cent postage stamp. The Cook Company, Windsor, Ont.

You've probably used soap that cleaned your clothes quickly but have found out afterwards that it had destroyed them.

Sunlight Soap

is guaranteed to be absolutely pure, containing no ingredient that will injure the daintiest fabric. Your dealer is authorized to refund the purchase money to anyone finding cause for complaint.

Lever Brothers Limited
Toronto



PROVINCIAL NEWS.

GOLDEN.

C. H. Polien, president of the Kootenay Central railway, in an interview with a representative of the Cranbrook Prospector, said: "Construction has commenced at Golden, on the Kootenay Central railway. Owing to some informality in regard to the recording of survey and the number of miles covered by the subsidy, the company have entered into an agreement with the Dominion government for the building of 100 miles of the road, and it is hoped that it will not be necessary to cease until the distance is completed. This will carry the line south as far as Brewster, which is about 50 miles north of Fort Steele."

CARIBOO.

"The directors of the Consolidated Cariboo Hydraulic Mining Company have given an option on their property to Mr. John Hays Hammond, who is believed to represent the Messrs. Guggenheim and other New York investors, and Mr. Hoffman," says the Canadian Mining Review. "Mr. Hammond's particular expert has been in Cariboo in company with the manager, Mr. Hobson, during the past month, making an examination on behalf of his principal. During this examination a run of twenty days with the monitor was made, resulting in a clean-up of \$25,000. An extension of thirty days has been given to the optionees in order to enable Mr. Hoffman to make in addition an examination of the Horsely property. The Review is further informed by one of the officials of the company that a proposal is being entertained by the bondholders by which in the event of a sale of the property the bondholders will be enabled to rank pari passu with the bondholders in any division of the proceeds which may be realized. The transfer of the property and it is understood that a satisfactory provision will be made by which existing shareholders, by contributing a pro rata amount toward the retirement of the bonds, will be placed upon this profit-sharing basis."

VERNON.

A. W. McVittie, P. L. S., who has just returned from a visit to the Okanagan, reports the discovery there of a seam of bituminous coal 52 inches in thickness. The discovery was made seven miles from the shore of Okanagan lake, on the west side, and about nine miles from Okanagan landing. It is in such a position, Mr. McVittie declares, that it can be mined economically, and a road can be made to the lake of a two per cent. grade, less than eight miles in length. The coal is found in what appears to be an oligocene formation, which is a formation existing between the Eocene and Miocene, all of comparatively recent geological date. The coal, nevertheless, is not lignite, but it is purely bituminous, very hard and burning with little or no residuum. The place of discovery shows but little of the formation, it appearing clean cut between a tremendous thickness of basaltic rocks and on the other side by a recent granite formation. Dr. Dawson, the eminent Canadian geologist, said in his map of this country that the formation was known to contain seams of bituminous coal, but none of sufficient thickness had been discovered to be of any commercial value. Mr. Dawson's assistant at that time, Mr. McEvoy, now geologist for the Crown's West Pass Coal Company, also notes the same appearance. This is the only coal that has been found in the neighborhood, although there have been some seams discovered in the Similkameen further west in the Nicola valley. At present, there is no coal burned in that vicinity, and wood is practically the only fuel. The steamboats on the lake are using coal brought from the coast, and Mr. McVittie naturally thinks that herein a market will be found for his find. Mr. McVittie has located the whole visible formation which comprises an area of about five square miles, and is now interesting himself in forming a company and thinks he will have little difficulty in disposing of much of the stock in Vernon itself, where the residents have greatly interested themselves in the discovery. Mr. McVittie, until the railroad is a realized factor in the development of the western country, is only failing sufficient capital to ensure a supply for the local market. This he intends to do this summer, and by this time next year hopes to have the local market regularly supplied. With the advent of the railroad further development will be necessary. As the dip of the seams, which altogether measure about 10 feet of coal, is about 25 or 30 degrees, no hoisting will be necessary.

and a working tunnel will give about 2,000 feet of coal in elevation above it. Only a supply will be available when the demand arises, as it must with the grading of the Okanagan and Similkameen with railways.

COLWOOD TRUSTEES.

Unique Meeting at Which They Were Appointed on Saturday.

A special meeting was held at Colwood on Saturday to elect three new school trustees in place of those who resigned as a protest against the new school act. It was expected there would be quite a rally of the government supporters in the district. After waiting until 10 minutes to 12 o'clock there were four residents present, three of whom were Liberals, who drew attention to the lack of interest displayed.

The only government supporter stated that he had seen the superintendent of education and others, who conclusively proved to him that the new act, instead of being bad legislation, as the other side stated, was a really good act and well worthy of the people's support. He gave as an instance that for every dollar the people were rated the government would give another. When asked who supplied the other dollar he said he supposed it would come out of our other taxes. In answer to questions he said he was assured that the trustees would not have to go round and assess their neighbors for the additional rate, that all that information was already in the assessor's office. When asked to explain section 40 and 52 of the act he said he was not a lawyer, but he had told them what had been assured him. He was so told that the secretary trustee could add 10 per cent. to any amount required for school purposes in payment for his trouble and work, and surely the superintendent knew. He also said he had seen advertisements in an American paper for teachers at \$20 a month salary. It was indignantly pointed out that that was the grave danger that this province should avoid, namely, cheap education, which exercised the most disastrous effect upon the future prosperity of the people and the country. As the government supporter had been unusually energetic at the last two elections, provincial and Dominion, there was a feeling in the district that he was aroused to take action in this matter under pressure of his position, and he was asked if such was the case. This he strenuously denied, saying that his activity was solely in the interests of the children. Eventually, at a few minutes to 12 the meeting was called to order. After reading minutes, protest was made that the meeting was not legally called, as the notices were only up five clear days instead of as the law demanded, and that as it was now six minutes past 12 o'clock no nominations could be made. The reply was that acts of parliament were made to be broken and that those who made them were the first to break them. The meeting then proceeded to nominate and second each other. The government supporter and two absent residents were declared duly elected as the new trustees.

THE DOCTORS ALL ADMIT.

There is only one way to cure catarrh. Inhale the soothing vapor of Catarrhone, and swift, lasting cure follows in every case. Try "Catarrhone" yourself—it's pleasant and sure.

FIGHTING YELLOW FEVER.

Steps Taken to Check Its Ravages in Southern United States.

Washington, July 24.—Surgeon-General Wyman of the public and marine hospital service, who has been absent from the city on official business, is now on his way to Washington, and upon his arrival will give personal attention to the yellow fever situation in New Orleans.

Acting Surgeon-General Gignean of the public health and marine hospital service 10 days was informed by Surgeon White, who represents that service at New Orleans, that there had been a death from yellow fever in that district in which the previous deaths had occurred.

Dr. White also notified Dr. Glennan that detention camps will be established at Kenner, Avondale, Waveland, and Shidell, also small places on the railroad near New Orleans.

A dispatch from Belgrade says: The elections to the Serbian parliament yesterday resulted in an absolute majority for the government. The new parliament is constituted as follows: Ministers: 16; Radicals: 24; Nationalists: 8; Socialists: 2; Liberals: 3; peasant party: 1.

RAPID PROGRESS OF FRUIT GROWING

INSPECTOR SPEAKS OF ITS POSSIBILITIES

Maxwell Smith Refers to Great Strides Made in Nelson District—Splendid Industry.

Maxwell Smith, Dominion government fruit inspector, spent yesterday in the city. He has just returned from a visit to the Nelson district, and to a Times reporter expressed himself astonished at the progress made in fruit growing there in the past year or two. When he began his visits of inspection to that district about three years ago, it was importing 75 per cent. of its fruit, and was not selling a pound of its own production. Last year the growers there exported to the Northwest \$8,000 worth of strawberries alone. This year they have exported \$17,000 or \$18,000 in strawberries alone, and their total fruit export will probably be \$25,000. The inspector remarked that if some enterprising individual came along with an industrial scheme which would put into circulation \$25,000 a year, there would be all sorts of agitations for bonuses, free sites and so forth.

Of course the product that Nelson exported, Mr. Smith explained, was small fruit, the orchards being yet too young to permit of a large production of the big varieties. He said he expected great things from Nelson district in a fruit growing way within the next few years, and the advance made by this country in the industry, Mr. Smith observed, was indicative of the progress of the province as a whole in this line. Last year the total provincial fruit product was \$600,000, with about 14,000 acres under cultivation. This year there had been planted 7,000 more acres, which increased the total to more than 20,000.

Mr. Smith is deeply impressed with the fruit growing possibilities of the Sanich peninsula, and in the vicinity of Victoria, as well as along the E. & N. line. In certain varieties these localities cannot be surpassed. The great diversity of climate, and other conditions throughout the province, are responsible for the fact that no two localities excel in the same varieties. For instance, this year, generally speaking, the strawberry crop on Vancouver Island and the lower mainland was a failure, while at Nelson it was a bumper crop.

As to the market, the inspector said the people of the province had not awakened to its possibilities—they had barely scratched it. The fruit growers of British Columbia should enjoy exceptional advantages. As long as first class fruit, properly packed, was sent, the local growers had nothing to fear from competition from Ontario, while the duty and freight rates gave them a most material advantage over Oregon and Washington growers. But in spite of those advantages, British Columbia merely sent 25 per cent. of the fruit that was used in the Northwest, instead of 75 per cent., which the inspector contended should be the proportion.

There need be no fear of over production, a cry that had no foundation. The population of the Northwest was increasing far more rapidly than the production of fruit in this province, and they would take all the fruit that could be exported there, but it must be a good article. There could easily be an overproduction of inferior fruit, Mr. Smith pointed out, and the existence of such a market as the Northwest was an incentive for scientific fruit growing. The future of the industry largely depended, he said, upon the question of freight rates and facilities of transportation.

Mr. Smith further pointed out that the market was not limited to the Northwest. A short time ago in Vancouver he had a long conversation with Mr. Larke, the Canadian agent in Australia, who told him that so long as the people of this province shipped fruit in cold storage and in proper condition they would find no trouble in realizing handsome prices on the island continent, during its off season. There was, he said, a sale there for about \$25,000 boxes of fruit annually. Those who had failed to land a profit on their shipments did so because they shipped by ordinary freight. Apples would bring there from eight to ten shillings a box. Mr. Larke spoke highly of the quality of the British Columbia fruit that had arrived there in good condition.

Canada's fruit trade with Australia was dealt a staggering blow by the action of an unscrupulous dealer. He sent a sample of Okanagan fruit and received a substantial order, which he filled with Oregon and Washington product. The sample was pronounced the best ever imported into Australia, but the shipment was inferior in quality. If the dealers in Australia, Mr. Larke told the inspector, could rely upon British Columbia fruit being put up strictly in accordance with the provisions of the Fruit Marks Act and shipped in cold storage, they would be perfectly willing to advance the money.

SUMMER CHOLIC IS HERE.
Doctors report a regular epidemic; they prescribe ten drops of Polson's Nervine in sweetened water—this gives instant relief. Nervine is highly recommended for summer complaint, cramps and sick headache and should be in every home.

LOSS BY OIL FIRE.

Houston, Texas, July 24.—The loss of life in the Humble oil fire as near as can be ascertained is 12. Oil men place the loss at present at 2,500,000 barrels of oil valued at \$850,500, and damage to plant at \$25,000 more.

Telegrams from Nihilia Novosokol, by way of St. Petersburg, say that the town was for five hours on Sunday in the hands of thousands of roughs, who murderously attacked every respectable person they met in the streets. Numbers of persons were killed or injured, the rioters breaking into houses in pursuit of their victims.



To Leading HOTELS AND TOURIST RESORTS

ST. ALICE HOTEL

WHY PATRONIZE FOREIGN RESORTS?
Nearer home, and IN YOUR OWN PROVINCE are the celebrated
HARRISON HOT SPRINGS
Noted as a pleasure resort and famous for the curative properties of the Mineral Waters in Rheumatism, Kidney, Liver and Stomach Diseases, etc.
Rates—\$2.00 to \$3.00 daily; \$12.50 to \$17.50 weekly, according to location of room in Annex or Hotel, Coaches meet all trains.
BUY YOUR TICKETS FOR AGASSIZ

Address all inquiries to
THE MANAGER, ST. ALICE HOTEL, HARRISON HOT SPRINGS, B. C.

HOTEL STRATHCONA
SHAWNIGAN LAKE

Pleasure Boats, Fishing, Tennis and Croquet Lawns, Bath Houses, Etc.

Mrs. J. H. WARK Proprietress

The Victoria Tourist's Favorite Road for Horse, Wheel or Motor

GOLDSTREAM HOTEL
ON THE E. & N. RAILWAY.
Ten miles from Victoria.
Surrounded by lakes and walks unequalled for variety and scenery.
LARGE AND AIRY BEDROOMS. FIRST-CLASS TABLE.
MODERN CONVENIENCES.
Rates by Day, Week or Month and for Families.
Picnic and Camping Parties specially catered for.
Short orders at any time of day.

J. R. DOWNES, Proprietor

BOATS FOR HIRE ON SOMENOS LAKE. EXCELLENT FISHING AND HUNTING.

QUAMICHAN HOTEL
FRANK CONRUVT, Proprietor
HEADQUARTERS FOR TOURIST AND COMMERCIAL
DUNCANS STATION, B. C.

POINT COMFORT Get The
"OF AGE" EDITION
Of The Times. 10 Cents.

E. MAUDE, Mayne, B. C.

FOR SALE
Set of compound surface condensing engines and boilers complete, and suitable for tug or small cargo boat.
For particulars apply.
J. K. REBBECK,
Board of Trade Building

Good Dry Wood
GO TO
Burt's Wood & Coal Yard
51 Pandora St. Telephone 828 or 941.

NOTICE.
J. W. CREIGHTON
Has removed from the Pioneer Block to new rooms on the third floor of SPENCER'S big store, where he will be pleased to meet both old and new customers. Entrance, Broad street; take elevator to third floor.

FRECKLES, FRECKLES!
REMOVED BY USING
ALMONDA CREAM
—OR—
CUCUMBER LOTION
FOR SALE AT
Mrs. Kosche's Hair Dressing Parlors
55 Douglas St. Phone 1175.

PATENTS AND TRADE MARKS
Procured in all countries.
Searches of the Records carefully made and reports given. Call or write for information.

ROWLAND BRITAIN
Mechanical Engineer and Patent Attorney.
Room 3, Fairfield Block, Granville Street, Vancouver, B. C.



SHAWNIGAN LAKE HOTEL
SHAWNIGAN LAKE

The most perfectly appointed hotel in the province. Twenty-eight miles ride on E. & N. railway. Tennis and croquet lawns, pleasure boats, fishing and hunting. Get off at Koenig's.

Mrs. A. KOENIG, Proprietress

SEEING VICTORIA
Tourists will find that the most enjoyable way to see the most picturesque portions of the city and environs is by the popular Tally Ho Coach, which leaves the Tourist Association Rooms and Hotels every afternoon at 2 o'clock. Take along your camera and secure charming views of gardens, fields, sea and snow-capped mountains. To reserve seats telephone 129.

VICTORIA TRANSFER CO., LTD.
19, 21, 23 Broughton St., Foot of Broad.

Occidental Hotel
COR. WHARF AND JOHNSON STS.
V. H. WETMORE, Prop.

American and European Plan.
Special rates for family and by month.

FREE BUS

HOTEL GORDON
YATES ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

Care to and from C. P. R. wharves pass the door.
Terms moderate for visitors requiring rooms only.

Mrs. J. Aberdeen Gordon
Proprietress.
Phone 1018. P. O. Box 40.

EXCURSIONS
It is not generally known that the islands of the Gulf of Georgia have been proclaimed to be even more beautiful than the thousand islands of the St. Lawrence. To take the morning train out of Victoria, connecting with the trail cars at Sidney for the islands, returning the same day, is a most delightful outing.

FOR INFORMATION TEL. 511.

CANCELLATION OF RESERVE
Notice is hereby given that the reservation covering Graham Island, Queen Charlotte Group, notice of which was published in the British Columbia Gazette and dated 20th January, 1905, has been cancelled, and that Crown lands thereon will be open to sale, pre-emption and other disposition under the provisions of the Land Act, on and after the 21st July next.

Deputy Commissioner of Lands & Works.
Lands and Works Department.
Victoria, B. C., 20th April, 1905.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
PURSUANT TO THE "CREDITORS' TRUST DEEDS ACT, 1901."

Notice is hereby given that Lum Giet Cho, Lum Ching, Lum Gee, and Wong Shar Young, all residing at 180 Government Street, Victoria, British Columbia, and there carrying on business in co-partnership as general merchants, under the firm name and bearing the date 14th day of July, A. D. 1905, assigned all their personal property, real estate, credits and effects, which may be and have been obtained, unto Hinkson Siddall, of 14 Bastion Square, Victoria aforesaid, general agent, for the benefit of the creditors of the said Lum Giet Cho, Lum Ching, Lum Gee, and Wong Shar Young.

All persons having claims against the said Assignors are required to forward to the said Assignee, on or before the 17th day of August, 1905, vouchers and particulars of the same, together with particulars of security held by them, for their verification. A meeting of the Creditors of the said Assignors will be held at the office of the said Hinkson Siddall, number 14 Bastion Square, aforesaid, on Saturday, the 22nd day of July, 1905, at eleven o'clock a. m., for the giving of directions with reference to the disposal of the estate. Dated the 18th day of July, 1905.

GORDON M. GRANT,
Of Chancery Chambers, Langley Street, Victoria, B. C., Solicitor for the Said Assignee.

SYNOPSIS OF REGULATIONS FOR DISPOSAL OF MINERALS ON DOMINION LANDS IN MANITOBA, THE NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES, AND THE YUKON TERRITORY.

Coal—Coal lands may be purchased at \$10 per acre for soft coal and \$20 for anthracite. Not more than 320 acres can be acquired by one individual or company. Royalty at the rate of ten cents per ton of 2,000 pounds shall be collected on the gross output.

Quartz—Persons of eighteen years and over and joint stock companies holding free miners' certificates may obtain entry for a mining location.

A free miner's certificate is granted for one or more years, not exceeding five, upon payment in advance of \$7.50 per annum for an individual, and from \$50 to \$100 per annum for a company, according to capital.

A free miner, having discovered mineral in place, may locate a claim 1,000 x 500 feet by marking out the same with two legal posts, bearing location notices, one at each end on the line of the lode or vein.

The claim shall be recorded within fifteen days if located within ten miles of a mining recorder's office, one additional day allowed for every additional ten miles or fraction.

The fee for recording a claim is \$5. At least \$100 must be expended on the claim, or on the work of the mine, before the claim is located. When \$500 has been expended or paid, the locator may, upon making a survey made, and upon complying with other requirements, purchase the land at \$1.00 an acre.

Permission may be granted by the Minister of the Interior to locate claims containing iron and mica, and also copper, in the Yukon Territory, of an area not exceeding 100 acres.

The patent for a mining location shall provide for the payment of a Royalty of 2 1/2 per cent. of the sales of the products of the location.

Placer Mining—Manitoba and the N. W. T., excepting the Yukon Territory, Placer mining claims generally are 100 feet square; entry fee, \$5, renewable yearly. On the North Saskatchewan River claims are 100 feet long and extending between high and low water mark. The latter includes bar diggings, but extends back to the base of the hill or bank, but not exceeding 1,000 feet.

Where steam power is used, claims 200 feet wide may be obtained. Dredging in the rivers of Manitoba and the N. W. T., excepting the Yukon Territory—A free miner may obtain only two leases of five miles each for a term of twenty years, renewable in the discretion of the Minister of the Interior.

The leasee's right is confined to the submerged bed or bars of the river below low water mark, and subject to the rights of all persons who have, or who may receive, entries for bar diggings or bench claims, except on the Saskatchewan River, where the leasee may dredge to high water mark on each alternate leasehold.

The lease shall have a duration in operation within one season, but where a person or company has obtained more than one lease one dredge for each five miles or fraction is sufficient. Rental, \$10 per annum for each mile of river leased. Royalty at the rate of 2 1/2 per cent. collected on the output after it exceeds \$10,000.

Dredging in the Yukon Territory—Six leases of five miles each may be granted to a free miner for a term of twenty years, also renewable.

The leasee's right is confined to the submerged bed or bars in the river below low water mark, that is, the bed of the river, its position on the 1st day of August in the year of the date of the lease.

The leasee shall have one dredge in operation within two years from the date of the lease, and one dredge for each five miles within six years from such date. Rental, \$100 per mile for the first year, and \$10 per mile for each subsequent year. Royalty, same as placer mining.

Placer Mining in the Yukon Territory—Creek, gulch, river and all claims shall not exceed 250 feet in length, measured on the base line or general direction of the creek or gulch, the width being from 1,000 to 2,000 feet. All other placer claims shall be 250 feet square.

Claims are marked by two legal posts, one at each end, bearing notices. Entry must be obtained within ten days after the claim is within ten miles of Mining Recorder's office. One extra day allowed for each additional ten miles or fraction.

The person or company staking a claim must hold a free miner's certificate. The discoverer of a new mine is entitled to a claim of 1,000 feet in length, and if the party consists of two, 1,500 feet altogether, on the output of which no royalty shall be charged, the rest of the party ordinary claims only.

Entry fee, \$10. Royalty at the rate of two and one-half per cent. on the value of the gold shipped from the Yukon Territory to be paid to the Comptroller. No free miner shall receive a grant of more than one mining claim on each separate river, creek or gulch, but the same miner may hold any number of claims by purchase, and free miners may stake their claims in partnership by filing notice and paying fee of \$2. A claim may be abandoned and another obtained on the same creek, gulch or river, by giving notice and paying a fee.

Work must be done on a claim each year to the value of at least \$200.

A certificate that work has been done must be obtained each year; if not, the claim shall be deemed to be abandoned, and open to occupation and entry by a free miner.

The boundaries of a claim may be defined absolutely by a survey, or by the publishing notices in the Yukon Official Gazette.

Petroleum—All unappropriated Dominion lands in Manitoba, the Northwest Territories and within the Yukon Territory, are open to prospecting for petroleum, and the Minister may reserve for an individual or company having machinery on the land to be prospecting an area of 1,920 acres for such period as he may decide, the length of which shall not exceed three times the breadth. Should the prospector discover oil in paying quantities, and satisfactorily establish such discovery, an area not exceeding 640 acres, including the oil well, will be sold to the prospector at the rate of \$1 an acre, and the remainder of the tract reserved, namely, 1,280 acres, will be sold at the rate of \$5 an acre, subject to royalty at such rate as may be approved by order in Council.

W. W. COBY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior,
Dept. Interior.

Victoria Water Works
Tenders for Water Pipes

Tenders, sealed, endorsed "Tenders for Water Pipes," and addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to 3 p. m. on Monday, the 18th September, 1905, for the supplying of 1,000 feet of 12-inch and 12,000 feet of 4-inch cast iron water pipe, as per standard specification of the Victoria Waterworks, copies of which can be obtained at the office of the undersigned.

The pipes will require to be delivered on or before the 1st day of May, 1906.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

WM. W. NORTHCOOT,
Purchasing Agent,
City Hall, 12th July, 1905.

Thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease for pastoral purposes 100 acres of unreserved, unencumbered and unoccupied Crown land situated at Bella Coola, Coast District, B. C., commencing at a post on the east bank of the Neeltletts-Comany river (about three miles above the bridge on wagon road), thence east 40 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence in a southerly direction along river bank to point of commencement.

D. McDONALD,
Bella Coola, B. C., June 30th, 1905.

Ayer's
Hair Vigor. Better wear your own hair; not the kind you buy! But you are losing yours? Then be quick! Fasten tightly on your own head what is left, and get a new lot, too.

A Chance for Farmers

Farm of 100 acres, splendid soil, good well, 4-roomed cottage, 15 acres in crop, 10 acres ready to plough, balance lightly tim-bered, \$2,000, half cash, balance 6 per cent, or will exchange for farm close by town.

Modern Cottage, Dallas Rd.

Hot and cold water, large lot, price \$1,100; or exchange for farm convenient to town or station.

Browne & Kennedy, 8 Store Street

BITTANCOURT**AUCTIONEER**

One Invalid's Chair, 8 H. P. Steam Engine, 1 Typewriter, 3 Beveled Mirrors, 2 Candelabras for

Private Sale

Old Church, corner Broad and Pandora streets. Phone 4396.

WE WILL HOLD OUR REGULAR

SALE SATURDAY EVENING

AT 8 P. M.

Including Five Cases, Pale Ale, Crockery, Glassware, Novelties, Goods, etc.

L. EATON & CO.**AUCTIONEERS.****AUCTION**

I am instructed to sell without reserve at salerooms 77-79, Douglas street.

Friday, 28th, 2 p. m.

Desirable and Well Kept

FURNITURE

Mason & Risch Piano

Also at the same time and place, under instructions from Mr. Monteith, stock-in-trade and fixtures of D. C. Fruit & Commission Company.

HARDAKER**AUCTIONEER****PERSONAL.**

Bert Howell arrived yesterday from Portland and is enjoying the refreshing change in weather which exists between the Oregon city and Victoria. Mr. Howell says that the big fair in progress has been the means of filling the city with strangers, and while every hotel and lodging house is full there has been no disposition on the part of the residents to take an unfair advantage of the visitors. Board is very cheap; meals can be obtained on the show grounds for the same prices as they demand elsewhere in the city, and good rooms are to be had at very reasonable rates. In these respects Portland has gained a unique reputation as a city among exposition cities.

F. J. Troughton, Duncan; W. P. Argue, A. C. Martin, A. C. Leach, C. S. Battle, Vancouver; Claude Isbister and wife, Win-alper; C. B. Simons, A. E. Miller, Revel-stoke; J. A. Taylor, Toronto; Miss E. Ryser, Port Dover, Ont.; Miss O. M. Walker, Morningville, Ont.; Miss L. K. Piper, Miss F. A. Piper, San Francisco; E. F. Newbold, London, England, are guests at the Vernon hotel.

H. J. Barber, of Chilliwack; James Barber, of Alton, Ont.; F. E. Emerson and wife, of Portland, Ore.; D. D. Pike and wife, of Bayfield, Wis.; and Mrs. Thos. Hay and daughter, of North Bay, Ont., are among those registered at the Bedford hotel.

E. P. Sternberg, J. A. McDonald, of Toronto, Ont.; P. F. Emerson and wife, of Portland, Ore.; D. D. Pike and wife, of Bayfield, Wis.; and Mrs. Thos. Hay and daughter, of North Bay, Ont., are among those registered at the Bedford hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. Shipman and Mrs. Thompson, of Cranston, Ont., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. T. McDonald, Terrace avenue, Oak Bay. They will spend a few weeks' holiday here.

Thos. Kiddle returned from Vancouver and left for Ladysmith this morning. Mayor Coburn and family returned to Ladysmith after spending a few days at the Vernon hotel.

Geo. Morrison and wife, of Calgary, spent yesterday in the city and left this morning for Ladysmith.

Mr. Collins—Yes, it should have, but they have a way of doing things there when there is a conspiracy behind, which produces different results.

The witness was further cross-examined by the defendant.

Previous to the calling of A. J. Henry, a notary of the Bay City, Mr. Helmecken applied for an adjournment until three o'clock, as he intended to apply for a rule

will for a writ of habeas corpus before Mr. Justice Duff. It was decided that in view of the fact that Mr. Henry's evidence would be very short, being with regard to the affidavit sworn to by Mr. Collins, he should be examined before an adjournment was taken. After Mr. Henry was examined the court adjourned until this afternoon.

Canada could, therefore, not make a treaty, but it had exceeded its power. The defendant's contention went to the root of the question of jurisdiction. Canada could not pass legislation which was not sanctioned by the treaty. In regard to the habeas corpus, any one who thought himself illegally imprisoned had the right to apply for a writ. The point was, was this an opportune time to discuss the question of Judge Lampman's jurisdiction.

His Lordship sustained Mr. Higgins' view, and said that in view of the authorities cited it would be an unwarranted interference with the administration of justice were he to deal with the matter at this stage.

Back to the Commissioner. The decision of Mr. Justice Martin sent the principals back to the court presided over by Judge Lampman for a continuation of the proceedings, or in other words for the production of testimony. This occupied the remainder of the day.

Several witnesses being examined. George Groom, deputy clerk of the County court, and court clerk of the Superior court of San Francisco, was the first. He produced all the original filings in the action of Charlotte Collins vs. George D. Collins for alimony. They were read by Mr. Higgins and identified by the witness. They were put in his exhibit for the time being, to be returned to Mr. Groom whenever possible, as being the original records they cannot leave his custody.

Mr. Collins objected to the greater part of this documentary evidence, and also against the admission of any testimony from this witness as to whether the documents were the original filings. This he said was a conclusion of law on which the witness was not competent to testify.

Among the documents produced were the plaintiff's complaint in the alimony action, the answer of the defendant through his attorney, his verification by affidavit, and the order for alimony issued by Judge Grahame of the Superior court.

Mr. Higgins explained that the defendant's first answer to the complaint was presented to the court, but it was found to be improperly verified, and a new one properly verified or sworn to, was ordered and made by Mr. Collins.

Mr. Collins said they would show that the first answer was properly verified. The witness was asked to identify the defendant in the alimony action and pointed to Mr. Collins. The latter said: "There is no dispute about that, Your Honor. If he could as well identify the integrity of the writing it would be more to the purpose."

The witness was sharply but briefly cross-examined by Mr. Collins.

He said the action for alimony was awaiting trial. No order had been made setting it for trial. It was undetermined. He was not present in court when the alimony order was made. He did not know that the order was made late at night in the absence of the defendant or his counsel.

Mr. Collins—It should have come on at 10 in the morning.

Mr. Collins—Yes, it should have, but they have a way of doing things there when there is a conspiracy behind, which produces different results.

The witness was further cross-examined by the defendant.

Previous to the calling of A. J. Henry, a notary of the Bay City, Mr. Helmecken applied for an adjournment until three o'clock, as he intended to apply for a rule

Tenant's Beer - - \$1.00 Per Dozen

Vic. Phoenix Beer, Quarts. 1.50 Per Dozen

Lime Juice, Quarts, - - 25 Cents Each

- AT THE -

Windsor Grocery Company,

Opposite Post Office.

Government Street.

NEW SHADES

AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES.
HAVE YOU SEEN THEM?

HINTON ELECTRIC CO.

WILL TRY AGAIN

THIS AFTERNOON

(Continued from page 1.)

Canada could, therefore, not make a treaty, but it had exceeded its power. The defendant's contention went to the root of the question of jurisdiction. Canada could not pass legislation which was not sanctioned by the treaty. In regard to the habeas corpus, any one who thought himself illegally imprisoned had the right to apply for a writ. The point was, was this an opportune time to discuss the question of Judge Lampman's jurisdiction.

His Lordship sustained Mr. Higgins' view, and said that in view of the authorities cited it would be an unwarranted interference with the administration of justice were he to deal with the matter at this stage.

Back to the Commissioner. The decision of Mr. Justice Martin sent the principals back to the court presided over by Judge Lampman for a continuation of the proceedings, or in other words for the production of testimony. This occupied the remainder of the day.

Several witnesses being examined. George Groom, deputy clerk of the County court, and court clerk of the Superior court of San Francisco, was the first. He produced all the original filings in the action of Charlotte Collins vs. George D. Collins for alimony. They were read by Mr. Higgins and identified by the witness. They were put in his exhibit for the time being, to be returned to Mr. Groom whenever possible, as being the original records they cannot leave his custody.

Mr. Collins objected to the greater part of this documentary evidence, and also against the admission of any testimony from this witness as to whether the documents were the original filings. This he said was a conclusion of law on which the witness was not competent to testify.

Among the documents produced were the plaintiff's complaint in the alimony action, the answer of the defendant through his attorney, his verification by affidavit, and the order for alimony issued by Judge Grahame of the Superior court.

Mr. Higgins explained that the defendant's first answer to the complaint was presented to the court, but it was found to be improperly verified, and a new one properly verified or sworn to, was ordered and made by Mr. Collins.

Mr. Collins said they would show that the first answer was properly verified. The witness was asked to identify the defendant in the alimony action and pointed to Mr. Collins. The latter said: "There is no dispute about that, Your Honor. If he could as well identify the integrity of the writing it would be more to the purpose."

The witness was sharply but briefly cross-examined by Mr. Collins.

He said the action for alimony was awaiting trial. No order had been made setting it for trial. It was undetermined. He was not present in court when the alimony order was made. He did not know that the order was made late at night in the absence of the defendant or his counsel.

Mr. Collins—It should have come on at 10 in the morning.

Mr. Collins—Yes, it should have, but they have a way of doing things there when there is a conspiracy behind, which produces different results.

The witness was further cross-examined by the defendant.

Previous to the calling of A. J. Henry, a notary of the Bay City, Mr. Helmecken applied for an adjournment until three o'clock, as he intended to apply for a rule

will for a writ of habeas corpus before Mr. Justice Duff. It was decided that in view of the fact that Mr. Henry's evidence would be very short, being with regard to the affidavit sworn to by Mr. Collins, he should be examined before an adjournment was taken. After Mr. Henry was examined the court adjourned until this afternoon.

Canada could, therefore, not make a treaty, but it had exceeded its power. The defendant's contention went to the root of the question of jurisdiction. Canada could not pass legislation which was not sanctioned by the treaty. In regard to the habeas corpus, any one who thought himself illegally imprisoned had the right to apply for a writ. The point was, was this an opportune time to discuss the question of Judge Lampman's jurisdiction.

His Lordship sustained Mr. Higgins' view, and said that in view of the authorities cited it would be an unwarranted interference with the administration of justice were he to deal with the matter at this stage.

Back to the Commissioner. The decision of Mr. Justice Martin sent the principals back to the court presided over by Judge Lampman for a continuation of the proceedings, or in other words for the production of testimony. This occupied the remainder of the day.

Several witnesses being examined. George Groom, deputy clerk of the County court, and court clerk of the Superior court of San Francisco, was the first. He produced all the original filings in the action of Charlotte Collins vs. George D. Collins for alimony. They were read by Mr. Higgins and identified by the witness. They were put in his exhibit for the time being, to be returned to Mr. Groom whenever possible, as being the original records they cannot leave his custody.

Mr. Collins objected to the greater part of this documentary evidence, and also against the admission of any testimony from this witness as to whether the documents were the original filings. This he said was a conclusion of law on which the witness was not competent to testify.

Among the documents produced were the plaintiff's complaint in the alimony action, the answer of the defendant through his attorney, his verification by affidavit, and the order for alimony issued by Judge Grahame of the Superior court.

Mr. Higgins explained that the defendant's first answer to the complaint was presented to the court, but it was found to be improperly verified, and a new one properly verified or sworn to, was ordered and made by Mr. Collins.

Mr. Collins said they would show that the first answer was properly verified. The witness was asked to identify the defendant in the alimony action and pointed to Mr. Collins. The latter said: "There is no dispute about that, Your Honor. If he could as well identify the integrity of the writing it would be more to the purpose."

The witness was sharply but briefly cross-examined by Mr. Collins.

He said the action for alimony was awaiting trial. No order had been made setting it for trial. It was undetermined. He was not present in court when the alimony order was made. He did not know that the order was made late at night in the absence of the defendant or his counsel.

Mr. Collins—It should have come on at 10 in the morning.

Mr. Collins—Yes, it should have, but they have a way of doing things there when there is a conspiracy behind, which produces different results.

The witness was further cross-examined by the defendant.

Previous to the calling of A. J. Henry, a notary of the Bay City, Mr. Helmecken applied for an adjournment until three o'clock, as he intended to apply for a rule

will for a writ of habeas corpus before Mr. Justice Duff. It was decided that in view of the fact that Mr. Henry's evidence would be very short, being with regard to the affidavit sworn to by Mr. Collins, he should be examined before an adjournment was taken. After Mr. Henry was examined the court adjourned until this afternoon.

Canada could, therefore, not make a treaty, but it had exceeded its power. The defendant's contention went to the root of the question of jurisdiction. Canada could not pass legislation which was not sanctioned by the treaty. In regard to the habeas corpus, any one who thought himself illegally imprisoned had the right to apply for a writ. The point was, was this an opportune time to discuss the question of Judge Lampman's jurisdiction.

His Lordship sustained Mr. Higgins' view, and said that in view of the authorities cited it would be an unwarranted interference with the administration of justice were he to deal with the matter at this stage.

Back to the Commissioner. The decision of Mr. Justice Martin sent the principals back to the court presided over by Judge Lampman for a continuation of the proceedings, or in other words for the production of testimony. This occupied the remainder of the day.

Several witnesses being examined. George Groom, deputy clerk of the County court, and court clerk of the Superior court of San Francisco, was the first. He produced all the original filings in the action of Charlotte Collins vs. George D. Collins for alimony. They were read by Mr. Higgins and identified by the witness. They were put in his exhibit for the time being, to be returned to Mr. Groom whenever possible, as being the original records they cannot leave his custody.

Mr. Collins objected to the greater part of this documentary evidence, and also against the admission of any testimony from this witness as to whether the documents were the original filings. This he said was a conclusion of law on which the witness was not competent to testify.

Among the documents produced were the plaintiff's complaint in the alimony action, the answer of the defendant through his attorney, his verification by affidavit, and the order for alimony issued by Judge Grahame of the Superior court.

Mr. Higgins explained that the defendant's first answer to the complaint was presented to the court, but it was found to be improperly verified, and a new one properly verified or sworn to, was ordered and made by Mr. Collins.

Mr. Collins said they would show that the first answer was properly verified. The witness was asked to identify the defendant in the alimony action and pointed to Mr. Collins. The latter said: "There is no dispute about that, Your Honor. If he could as well identify the integrity of the writing it would be more to the purpose."

The witness was sharply but briefly cross-examined by Mr. Collins.

He said the action for alimony was awaiting trial. No order had been made setting it for trial. It was undetermined. He was not present in court when the alimony order was made. He did not know that the order was made late at night in the absence of the defendant or his counsel.

Mr. Collins—It should have come on at 10 in the morning.

Mr. Collins—Yes, it should have, but they have a way of doing things there when there is a conspiracy behind, which produces different results.

The witness was further cross-examined by the defendant.

Previous to the calling of A. J. Henry, a notary of the Bay City, Mr. Helmecken applied for an adjournment until three o'clock, as he intended to apply for a rule

will for a writ of habeas corpus before Mr. Justice Duff. It was decided that in view of the fact that Mr. Henry's evidence would be very short, being with regard to the affidavit sworn to by Mr. Collins, he should be examined before an adjournment was taken. After Mr. Henry was examined the court adjourned until this afternoon.

Canada could, therefore, not make a treaty, but it had exceeded its power. The defendant's contention went to the root of the question of jurisdiction. Canada could not pass legislation which was not sanctioned by the treaty. In regard to the habeas corpus, any one who thought himself illegally imprisoned had the right to apply for a writ. The point was, was this an opportune time to discuss the question of Judge Lampman's jurisdiction.

His Lordship sustained Mr. Higgins' view, and said that in view of the authorities cited it would be an unwarranted interference with the administration of justice were he to deal with the matter at this stage.

Back to the Commissioner. The decision of Mr. Justice Martin sent the principals back to the court presided over by Judge Lampman for a continuation of the proceedings, or in other words for the production of testimony. This occupied the remainder of the day.

Several witnesses being examined. George Groom, deputy clerk of the County court, and court clerk of the Superior court of San Francisco, was the first. He produced all the original filings in the action of Charlotte Collins vs. George D. Collins for alimony. They were read by Mr. Higgins and identified by the witness. They were put in his exhibit for the time being, to be returned to Mr. Groom whenever possible, as being the original records they cannot leave his custody.

Mr. Collins objected to the greater part of this documentary evidence, and also against the admission of any testimony from this witness as to whether the documents were the original filings. This he said was a conclusion of law on which the witness was not competent to testify.

Among the documents produced were the plaintiff's complaint in the alimony action, the answer of the defendant through his attorney, his verification by affidavit, and the order for alimony issued by Judge Grahame of the Superior court.

Mr. Higgins explained that the defendant's first answer to the complaint was presented to the court, but it was found to be improperly verified, and a new one properly verified or sworn to, was ordered and made by Mr. Collins.

Mr. Collins said they would show that the first answer was properly verified. The witness was asked to identify the defendant in the alimony action and pointed to Mr. Collins. The latter said: "There is no dispute about that, Your Honor. If he could as well identify the integrity of the writing it would be more to the purpose."

The witness was sharply but briefly cross-examined by Mr. Collins.

He said the action for alimony was awaiting trial. No order had been made setting it for trial. It was undetermined. He was not present in court when the alimony order was made. He did not know that the order was made late at night in the absence of the defendant or his counsel.

Mr. Collins—It should have come on at 10 in the morning.

Mr. Collins—Yes, it should have, but they have a way of doing things there when there is a conspiracy behind, which produces different results.

The witness was further cross-examined by the defendant.

Previous to the calling of A. J. Henry, a notary of the Bay City, Mr. Helmecken applied for an adjournment until three o'clock, as he intended to apply for a rule

will for a writ of habeas corpus before Mr. Justice Duff. It was decided that in view of the fact that Mr. Henry's evidence would be very short, being with regard to the affidavit sworn to by Mr. Collins, he should be examined before an adjournment was taken. After Mr. Henry was examined the court adjourned until this afternoon.

Canada could, therefore, not make a treaty, but it had exceeded its power. The defendant's contention went to the root of the question of jurisdiction. Canada could not pass legislation which was not sanctioned by the treaty. In regard to the habeas corpus, any one who thought himself illegally imprisoned had the right to apply for a writ. The point was, was this an opportune time to discuss the question of Judge Lampman's jurisdiction.

His Lordship sustained Mr. Higgins' view, and said that in view of the authorities cited it would be an unwarranted interference with the administration of justice were he to deal with the matter at this stage.

Back to the Commissioner. The decision of Mr. Justice Martin sent the principals back to the court presided over by Judge Lampman for a continuation of the proceedings, or in other words for the production of testimony. This occupied the remainder of the day.

Several witnesses being examined. George Groom, deputy clerk of the County court, and court clerk of the Superior court of San Francisco, was the first. He produced all the original filings in the action of Charlotte Collins vs. George D. Collins for alimony. They were read by Mr. Higgins and identified by the witness. They were put in his exhibit for the time being, to be returned to Mr. Groom whenever possible, as being the original records they cannot leave his custody.

Mr. Collins objected to the greater part of this documentary evidence, and also against the admission of any testimony from this witness as to whether the documents were the original filings. This he said was a conclusion of law on which the witness was not competent to testify.

Among the documents produced were the plaintiff's complaint in the alimony action, the answer of the defendant through his attorney, his verification by affidavit, and the order for alimony issued by Judge Grahame of the Superior court.

Mr. Higgins explained that the defendant's first answer to the complaint was presented to the court, but it was found to be improperly verified, and a new one properly verified or sworn to, was ordered and made by Mr. Collins.

Mr. Collins said they would show that the first answer was properly verified. The witness was asked to identify the defendant in the alimony action and pointed to Mr. Collins. The latter said: "There is no dispute about that, Your Honor. If he could as well identify the integrity of the writing it would be more to the purpose."

The witness was sharply but briefly cross-examined by Mr. Collins.

He said the action for alimony was awaiting trial. No order had been made setting it for trial. It was undetermined. He was not present in court when the alimony order was made. He did not know that the order was made late at night in the absence of the defendant or his counsel.

Mr. Collins—It should have come on at 10 in the morning.

Mr. Collins—Yes, it should have, but they have a way of doing things there when there is a conspiracy behind, which produces different results.

The witness was further cross-examined by the defendant.

Previous to the calling of A. J. Henry, a notary of the Bay City, Mr. Helmecken applied for an adjournment until three o'clock, as he intended to apply for a rule

will for a writ of habeas corpus before Mr. Justice Duff. It was decided that in view of the fact that Mr. Henry's evidence would be very short, being with regard to the affidavit sworn to by Mr. Collins, he should be examined before an adjournment was taken. After Mr. Henry was examined the court adjourned until this afternoon.

Canada could, therefore, not make a treaty, but it had exceeded its power. The defendant's contention went to the root of the question of jurisdiction. Canada could not pass legislation which was not sanctioned by the treaty. In regard to the habeas corpus, any one who thought himself illegally imprisoned had the right to apply for a writ. The point was, was this an opportune time to discuss the question of Judge Lampman's jurisdiction.

His Lordship sustained Mr. Higgins' view, and said that in view of the authorities cited it would be an unwarranted interference with the administration of justice were he to deal with the matter at this stage.

Back to the Commissioner. The decision of Mr. Justice Martin sent the principals back to the court presided over by Judge Lampman for a continuation of the proceedings, or in other words for the production of testimony. This occupied the remainder of the day.

Several witnesses being examined. George Groom, deputy clerk of the County court, and court clerk of the Superior court of San Francisco, was the first. He produced all the original filings in the action of Charlotte Collins vs. George D. Collins for alimony. They were read by Mr. Higgins and identified by the witness. They were put in his exhibit for the time being, to be returned to Mr. Groom whenever possible, as being the original records they cannot leave his custody.

Mr. Collins objected to the greater part of this documentary evidence, and also against the admission of any testimony from this witness as to whether the documents were the original filings. This he said was a conclusion of law on which the witness was not competent to testify.

Among the documents produced were the plaintiff's complaint in the alimony action, the answer of the defendant through his attorney, his verification by affidavit, and the order for alimony issued by Judge Grahame of the Superior court.

Mr. Higgins explained that the defendant's first answer to the complaint was presented to the court, but it was found to be improperly verified, and a new one properly verified or sworn to, was ordered and made by Mr. Collins.

Mr. Collins said they would show that the first answer was properly verified. The witness was asked to identify the defendant in the alimony action and pointed to Mr. Collins. The latter said: "There is no dispute about that, Your Honor. If he could as well identify the integrity of the writing it would be more to the purpose."

The witness was sharply but briefly cross-examined by Mr. Collins.

He said the action for alimony was awaiting trial. No order had been made setting it for trial. It was undetermined. He was not present in court when the alimony order was made. He did not know that the order was made late at night in the absence of the defendant or his counsel.

Mr. Collins—It should have come on at 10 in the morning.

Mr. Collins—Yes, it should have, but they have a way of doing things there when there is a conspiracy behind, which produces different results.

The witness was further cross-examined by the defendant.

Previous to the calling of A. J. Henry, a notary of the Bay City, Mr. Helmecken applied for an adjournment until three o'clock, as he intended to apply for a rule

will for a writ of habeas corpus before Mr. Justice Duff. It was decided that in view of the fact that Mr. Henry's evidence would be very short, being with regard to the affidavit sworn to by Mr. Collins, he should be examined before an adjournment was taken. After Mr. Henry was examined the court adjourned until this afternoon.

Canada could, therefore, not make a treaty, but it had exceeded its power. The defendant's contention went to the root of the question of jurisdiction. Canada could not pass legislation which was not sanctioned by the treaty. In regard to the habeas corpus, any one who thought himself illegally imprisoned had the right to apply for a writ. The point was, was this an opportune time to discuss the question of Judge Lampman's jurisdiction.

His Lordship sustained Mr. Higgins' view, and said that in view of the authorities cited it would be an unwarranted interference with the administration of justice were he to deal with the matter at this stage.

Back to the Commissioner. The decision of Mr. Justice Martin sent the principals back to the court presided over by Judge Lampman for a continuation of the proceedings, or in other words for the production of testimony. This occupied the remainder of the day.

Several witnesses being examined. George Groom, deputy clerk of the County court, and court clerk of the Superior court of San Francisco, was the first. He produced all the original filings in the action of Charlotte Collins vs. George D. Collins for alimony. They were read by Mr. Higgins and identified by the witness. They were put in his exhibit for the time being, to be returned to Mr. Groom whenever possible, as being the original records they cannot leave his custody.